

## HE TRIES IT AGAIN

### Humphreys Goes For McBryde Bonds.

(From Wednesday's daily.)

THE RUIN OF THE PLANTATIONS as now conducted in Hawaii, would, in the end, be the greatest blessing that could befall the Islands. True, it would work a great hardship for a few years and many people will stare financial ruin in the face, but it would be the means of saving the Islands to a brighter and better future, just as the civil war, which destroyed slavery, impoverished the South for a time, but later opened up the country to new riches and to a brighter and richer future than the old South ever dreamed of.—Editorial in A. S. Humphreys' newspaper, printed on Aug. 14, 1901, and in line with the sentiments personally expressed by him in an interview at New Orleans.

McBryde bonds, which for some reason have been the basis of Judge Humphreys' attacks, were highly commended in his presence yesterday upon the further hearing of the annual report of A. W. Carter, trustee of the property of Annie T. K. Parker. He had invested \$25,000 in McBryde Sugar Co. bonds, and the investment was informally disapproved by Humphreys, who claimed that the minority bondholders were insufficiently secured by the trust deeds, though the master, F. J. Russell, had reported otherwise. In order to prevent an appeal Humphreys has so far neglected to file his opinion, though four months ago he promised to make it immediately. Consequently no order has been made and the bonds are still held by the Parker trustee.

The wisdom of investment in such bonds was testified to yesterday by half a dozen prominent business men and bankers, summoned by Humphreys upon his own motion, but yet at the conclusion of the hearing, he swept aside all the testimony and again disapproved the investment. He promised again to put his decision in writing in case the trustee wished to appeal, which action may be decided upon today.

There was an astonishing unanimity of opinion among the experts as to the safety of McBryde bonds as a trust investment, and none of the witnesses called by the court had aught but favorable words for the plantation, and the superiority of the investment in such bonds over real estate mortgages.

The witnesses called at yesterday's supplementary hearing were E. M. Swartz, W. L. Baird, E. H. Woodhouse, A. W. Carter, J. O. Carter, H. E. Wally and S. C. Allen.

Trustee Carter, in answer to the Court's questions, explained why he had invested the money in McBryde bonds. He said that he considered such bonds safer even than real estate mortgages, from the fact that real estate was more liable to depreciate in value, that titles generally were faulty, and that the security offered was not always cover the amount of a loan wanted. He said on the other hand that the sugar industry was upon a permanent basis and he considered such bonds as much better investment than mortgages on real property. He said he had even paid a premium upon Oahu Railway and Waialua Plantation bonds, while the McBryde bonds had been obtained at 98.

S. C. Allen testified that he had invested \$75,000 in McBryde bonds and considered it an excellent investment. The other witnesses testified in practically the same matters as did Carter, all agreeing that the bonds were a safe investment.

Judge Humphreys took an entirely different view, not passing at all upon the question of sufficiency of security. He held, however, that the trust deed did not sufficiently protect the minority bondholders, and that the investment of bonds was practically a delegation of authority on the part of the trustees to the McBryde company. He agreed to file a written opinion in the matter in case the trustee wished to appeal, and ordered that the \$25,000 be charged to Mr. Carter.

**BEFORE JUDGE ROBINSON**

The case of Kahaleaahu vs. Perelera for adjournment of docket was concluded before Judge Robinson yesterday afternoon, and submitted on the evidence, the attorneys to file briefs within ten days.

**DISTRICT COURT APPEALS**

Appeal has been taken from a decision of Judge Dickey, giving judgment for plaintiff for \$515 in the case of T. H. Davies & Co. Ltd. vs. Nakahayashi.

An appeal has been taken also in the case of Ching Heong Mow vs. Hee Cho, wherein Judge Dickey found for defendant. Plaintiff sued to recover \$225, which he claims he paid to defendant for certain shares in the firm of Leong Yick Chan, and which defendant failed to deliver. The company claims to have repaid the money to plaintiff.

In the case of Kona Trading Co. vs. Mrs. Melana Davis an appeal is noted from a judgment in favor of defendant. The suit is for \$210.06 for goods alleged to have been purchased by defendant, but which she denies.

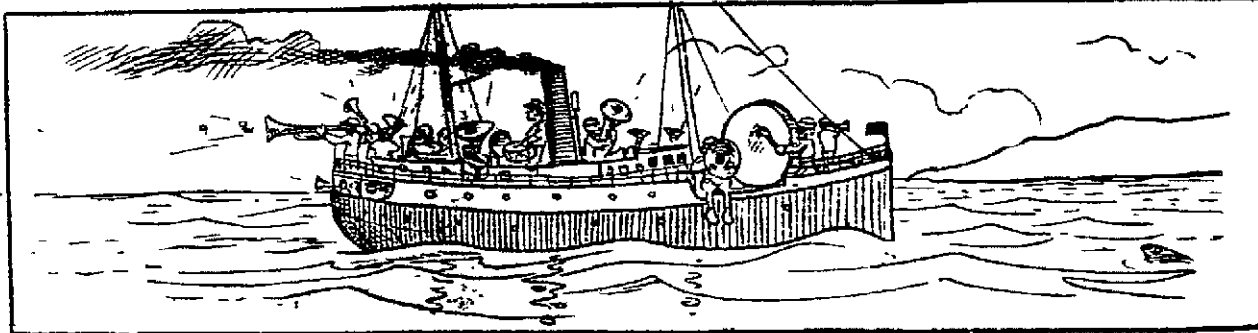
**DESKY ANSWERS**

An answer has been filed in the case of J. F. Colburn vs. C. S. Desky. In the accompanying affidavit the defendant alleges that the plaintiff is not the legal holder of the promissory note referred to in the complaint.

## WHEN THE BAND REACHES MAUI



AND THE MAUI MULTITUDE WILL COME FORTH AND SHOUT, "HOO RAY!"



"WE WILL TAKE 'EM OVER A LITTLE RAG TIME, YES."

## PLANS WORK FOR HAWAII

### True Gives Idea of Agricultural Bureau.

DIRECTOR JARED SMITH received a letter by the Sheridan's mail from A. C. True, director of Experiment Stations at Washington, outlining the work to be done in Hawaii, and complimenting the results already accomplished through the efforts of Mr. Smith. Director True is opposed to permanent sub-stations in other parts of the Islands, but writes that the Department is willing to co-operate with private individuals as long as the work remains in the control of the Department, and does not involve too large an expenditure of government funds.

Director True is still hopeful of securing the increased appropriation of \$15,000 for this year, and Mr. Smith is directed to submit plans for the year's work on that basis, and also on the \$12,000 basis.

Attention is directed particularly to experiments with coffee and tobacco, and the letter, which contains much information of value, is reproduced here-in full:

United States Department of Agriculture, Office of Experiment Stations, Washington, D. C., March 27, 1902.

Mr. Jared G. Smith, Honolulu, H. T.

Dear Sir:—I have received your letter of March 7, regarding co-operative experiments in tobacco culture in the Kona district on the island of Hawaii, and with coffee on the plantation of the Louisiana brothers in the Hamakua district. I am in favor of co-operative experiments where they can be arranged for on terms suitable to our means and giving us complete control of the experimental work and results. They should of course be conducted with reference to public as distinguished from private interests. We should be at liberty to withdraw from the work whenever in our judgment the object for which it was undertaken has been attained, and it should be clearly understood that we can not enter into contracts involving any expenditure of funds beyond the fiscal year for which our appropriations are made by Congress. It should also be understood that we have established only one experiment station in the Hawaiian Islands, and that these co-operative experiments are in the nature of special outlying investigations. We should be careful not to create the impression that we are pledged either to communities or individuals to establish permanent sub-stations. There is always danger of dividing our work up into too many pieces and not having funds enough to carry on thorough work anywhere. That has been the general rule where sub-stations have been established, and as you know, I have opposed such a policy of subdivision for years. Every locality will plead that its conditions are so different from those of other localities that it must have a separate station. This perhaps would be well enough if we had unlimited funds, but with the prospects in that direction which we have in sight, we shall evidently have to carefully husband our resources to do first class work in even a few lines. I am not desirous that a large amount of field work should be done at Honolulu, especially as you do not think the conditions on the station reservation are favorable for such work. We may therefore properly restrict the work at Honolulu largely to laboratory operations and the general work connected with the preparation of publications, dissemination of information, etc. We will thus be able I hope to carry on field operations through co-operation or otherwise in a few well selected localities outside of Honolulu.

When we take up a subject like the culture of tobacco or coffee, I would prefer to treat this thoroughly, doing work simultaneously in a number of different places. The problem is to select a few lines of work and devote ourselves thoroughly to these for a term of years. By so doing we shall undoubtedly have to resist appeals of all sorts to scatter our energies in various directions, but it will in the end be better for us to struggle along this line than to do superficial work and find after a time we are not getting any results of value. Considering the station as a permanent institution, which is to work in the interests of Hawaiian agriculture for all time, we must not expect to solve very many problems from year to year. By working steadily, undoubtedly results of value will accumulate and people will be able as time goes on to see more and more that the station is a useful institution.

Between now and the first of July I would like to have you submit a plan for the work and expenditures of the station during the coming fiscal year. Make it first on the basis of the current appropriation—\$12,000—and then on the basis of \$15,000, which I still hope we shall get.

I do not think you should be discouraged with the outcome of your work thus far. You have done a good thing in getting the station established in buildings erected and preparations made for the work. It will of course be a trying time for you until the end of the fiscal year, due to the exhaustion of our funds, but I have no doubt you will be profitably engaged in planning future work, and it will thus be easy to push things along when money becomes available. From all I can learn the people in Hawaii are considering your work in a more favorable light, and I feel sure that their approval will increase as time goes on.

Very truly yours,  
A. C. TRUE,  
Director.

## HARRIS ELECTED BY LARGE VOTE

### The Republicans In Fourth Win.

W. W. HARRIS was chosen to fill the vacant seat in the Legislature from the Fourth district yesterday by a majority of 207 votes in a poll of 1555. The total vote shows 881 for Harris and only 674 for his opponent, August Dreier, who, running on the Home Rule ticket, had the endorsement of the Democracy.

If there were needed any evidence of the popularity of Governor Dole, of the devotion of the people of the Fourth district to good government, of their repudiation of the extra session craze and finally of their rallying to the standard when there was fear that an element which was studiously endeavoring to humiliate the chief executive might succeed in their designs, it was furnished yesterday by such a character as to leave no doubt of the loyalty of the Walkiki end of Honolulu, at least, to the executive, and the principles of Republicanism of which he is the first exponent.

The first indication that there would be a great Republican victory came in the early hours, when the business men began to vote before going to their offices. In the first precinct the first vote was taken two minutes after the polls opened at 8 o'clock. In the second there were waiting business men, who wished to vote as soon as the officials were ready to record their ballots and the same conditions were apparent in the Fourth and Third. How complete the victory was is shown by the fact that the combined votes of Democrats and Home Rulers should have carried each precinct, and given the place to Dreier by 278. But as the result will show the fusion candidate carried only three out of the seven precincts, his greatest majority in any precinct was 41. In the Third, and the Republicans gained in every one of the precincts, not making any sensational gains except in the Second, but polling a great majority of their registered voters all along the line.

In the First precinct the balloting began early and nearly half the votes, 114, were in the box by noon. There was a crowd about the polls nearly all day, among the first to arrive being a party of native citizens from out Palolo way, men who had been in the ranks for the Republicans two years ago, but who said to leaders when they were asked as to their intentions, that they

	Reg- is- tration.	1900 Farror	David Kawa- nana- koo	Wilson	Gillilan	1900 Mac- far- lane	Quinn	1902 Harris	Dreier
1st Precinct...	446	202	54	152	187	93	151	221	117
2d Precinct...	911	474	98	236	445	151	247	299	153
3d Precinct...	323	77	73	138	74	85	130	61	102
4th Precinct...	659	358	119	112	330	172	125	207	106
5th Precinct...	531	156	78	193	140	92	201	134	146
6th Precinct...	199	106	36	30	103	48	43	52	39
7th Precinct...	37	7	8	18	7	9	17	7	11
	3106	1380	466	879	1286	650	914	881	674

were for Dreier, "Aloha Aloha." The mayor was in attendance too, and all day speeches were being made by some of the Home Rule watchers, and once or twice there were arguments so heated that the Republican watchers separated the debaters to prevent any exchange of forcible arguments. The one hundredth vote was cast at 11 17 o'clock, and at 2 p. m. there were 171, at 3 o'clock 198, and at 4 o'clock 228. It took only twenty-five minutes to count the votes, and twenty were rejected owing to faulty marking. More than half of this number were meant for Harris votes. The winning of the precinct by a clear majority of 4, when the combined vote should have given a fusion majority of 77, was most grateful to the workers of the party in the district.

The Second precinct has the largest registration in the district. It is the precinct with the largest haole citizenship, the stronghold of the friends of Governor Dole, and the scene of the hardest battle of those friends to make the endorsement of his policy substantial. The total vote cast in this precinct in 1900 was 843, and the majority of Gillilan over the combined opposition was 47. The total vote cast yesterday was 452 and the majority of Mr. Harris, in his own precinct, was 146, or a majority of 109 more than that given to his predecessor.

The voting there showed the interest of the Republican business men in the success of the Republican party, especially after there had been injected into the fight the feature of making it an endorsement of Governor Dole, and his policy. Two hundred votes had been cast by noon and 325 by 4 o'clock. The noticeable feature was that the haoles outnumbered the Hawaiian voters by two to one all through the day, and the small showing of Dreier was astonishing to his friends, who had counted upon a large vote for him out of the business men's ranks. Eleven votes were rejected.

The Third precinct is an admitted

Home Rule stronghold and the efforts of the Republicans in that section were great. Something like 75 voters were brought to the polls by the Republican carriages, and though only 61 votes were secured there was no hard feeling over the fact that some Home Rulers had a ride. At the last election there was a vote of 215. This was 141 more than the Republicans could muster. Yesterday, by reason of the hard and consistent work and the rallying of the friends of good government, the hundred was clipped off the majority, despite the fact that the polling was only half the total vote of the precinct. There were fifteen faulty ballots.

It was left for the Fourth, Governor Dole's home precinct, to make the startling change of form. The majority of the Republicans in that precinct, according to the figures by which the late representative was chosen, was only 33 over the combined parties. Yesterday, with only 313 votes cast, the majority was stretched to 101. The neighbors of the Governor were out in strength, and left no stone unturned and no votes at home. The polling began early and was kept up with regularity all through the day. There were a number of carriages at work and they brought men who could steal away from their business to vote, and returned them to their offices without loss of time. There were seventeen rejected votes, of which a round dozen were meant for Harris.

In the Fifth district there was a battle royal, and the cutting down of the fusion vote was a testimonial to the popularity of the policy of Governor Dole, the presence of Candidate Harris and the hard work of Capt. Johnson, which showed more strongly than perhaps any other district. In the last election the vote for Gillilan was 140, while the combined vote of Macfarlane and Quinn was 292. Yesterday Harris received 134 votes, a loss of only

### They Will Ratify by Great Mass Meeting.

REPUBLICANS will celebrate their victory on Friday evening with a great gathering of the members of the party. The plans adopted at a meeting of the Fourth district committee last evening call for a meeting of representatives of the various precincts at Union square on Friday evening. When the line of march will be taken up to Emma square, where there will be a ratification of the election of Harris.

There will be a band, and the people will be asked to divide themselves into companies, so as to make a showing of the strength of the party in the various precincts. The workers of the Fifth district will be asked to participate in the celebration, and such well known Republicans as Achi, Lane, Coelbi and others will be given places in the line and upon the platform. There will be speeches by the leaders and music by the special quintet, and the evening will be made more than a mere celebration.

The meeting of the district committee was widened somewhat by the presence of several members of the Territorial committee. Votes of thanks were passed to Chairman Kennedy of the Territorial committee and Chairman Cear of the District committee, which they congratulated the Republicans upon their victory. The bills of the election were all paid before the meeting closed. The committee adjourned to the call of the chair.

### Floods in the West.

BUTTE, Montana, April 1.—The railroad situation is such as to cause much apprehension among the merchants of the State who fear great losses by reason of freight tied up in the blockades existing in North Dakota. Between Havre and Williston on the Great Northern the whole country is flooded and traffic on that road is practically at a standstill. No trains have arrived in Butte from the East for several days and all are reported indefinitely late. Traffic on the Northern Pacific is still at a standstill with little prospect of relief. West of Havre the tracks are clear and trains are running on schedule time.

(Continued on Page 6.)



## TALKING OF EARLY PEACE

### An Important Boer Conference Now On.

PRETORIA, Monday, March 31.—President Steyn and General Delarey have been located and a meeting between them and Acting President Schalk Burger is expected to be arranged without further delay. It is reported that General Botha will also attend the conference.

Commandant Mears has sent in word that his command will abide by the decision of the Boer Government.

Commandant De Villiers, who has been operating in the Kimberley district, has sent in a flag of truce, asking for terms.

The peace movement, however, has in no way interfered with the military operations. The British are again sweeping the north-west districts of the Orange River Colony, where, it is believed, they have about a thousand of General De Wet's men within the cordon.

HEIDELBERG, Monday, March 31.—Commandant Alberts called a meeting of the Boers in his district to take place thirty-five miles east of the Springs Station, in order to discuss the proposal for a general surrender. It is said that General Hans Botha has summoned a similar meeting at Amsterdam.

A party of constabulary and native scouts was ambushed near here March 30. Six of the party were killed. The Boers eluded pursuit.

Surrenders are occurring daily in the Standerton district.

PRETORIA, April 1.—Thirty-nine British soldiers were killed and forty-five injured in a railroad wreck March 30 near Barberton, Transvaal Colony.

LONDON, April 1.—The War Office, in reporting the railroad wreck at Barberton, Transvaal Colony, merely says that it was accidental. The victims all belonged to the Hampshire regiment.

### THE POLICE ARE DOING THEIR DUTY

NEW YORK, April 1.—Continued agitation over the non-enforcement of the excise laws in this city and the facility with which liquor may be purchased on Sunday, has led to what has been termed a revolt among the patrolmen of the police force. When the charge has been made that liquor was being sold with the full knowledge of the patrolmen, their defense has been that if they should report violations of the law and close saloons they invariably were transferred to less desirable posts, through the exercise of "pulls." However, the patrolmen in one district realized that they were violating their oaths by failing to do their duty and on Sunday reached an agreement to bid defiance to the old influences. Their action in reporting all violations of the excise law caused a panic among the liquor dealers.

Apparently, this was only an opening wedge, and now the police of another district have followed suit and a fresh batch of summonses has been issued from Jefferson Market Court.

Those who have been exercising "pulls" in the past are now wondering where the sudden revolt will end.

It is stated that the Commissioner of Police, Colonel Pringle, and Attorney Jerome, will give the men moral support and protection in the fulfillment of their oaths.

### ATHLETES GUARD CHICAGO POLLS

CHICAGO, April 1.—Eighty of the most muscular and brawny college athletes who could be found in Chicago have been chosen by the Municipal Voters League to act as "watchers" at the polls in the first ward today and to head off all attempts at illegal election tactics. This ward embraces the levee district of Chicago.

Football players have been most in demand for the purpose indicated and the bulk of the "watcher" company is composed of the biggest and most muscular heroes of the gridiron that could be found. These men have been chosen because they are used to rough tactics, and could offer strong resistance if force became necessary in their duties for the day. Their physique is expected to have a generally deterrent effect on the bullies of the ward.

These athletes have been drawn from Northwestern University, Northwestern University Law School, Morgan Park Academy, and from the lives of those who have recently graduated at colleges and universities.

Among the athletes who will guard the polls are Right Guard, Gibbons Flanagan of the University of Chicago, John E. Webb, former tackle in the University of Chicago team and former Captain Ed. and Dotz of Northwestern University.

### YANKEE AUTO'S FOR SOUTH AFRICA

NEW YORK, April 1.—American automobiles, motors and motor bicycles are said to be in demand by the engineer corps of the British army for use in the South African campaign. Several manufacturers in this country have been requested to send specifications and prices of vehicles and motors at once to a captain of engineers whose corps is now stationed at Pretoria.

This information came in the shape of a letter to the Automobile Club of America, from Captain R. F. Walker,

of the Royal Engineers, dated at Pretoria, January 10. It asked the club's assistance in obtaining from American manufacturers specifically the prices of light automobiles, steam and gasoline motors and motor bicycles. Captain Walker intimated that his commander-in-chief will extend the use of motor vehicles in the present campaign against the Boers. Captain Walker gave as his reason for his application that he believes American road conditions correspond more closely with those in South Africa than do those in England, and from his knowledge of American motor machines, he believes they are best suited to the uses to which it is designed to put them.

The motor vehicles will be used primarily for carrying searchlights in the field, but also are to be put to tests for other military purposes.

### FARMER OAK AND THE STORM.

When farmer Oak, on his way towards his humble cottage one night, struck his foot against a big toad, he knew there was trouble in the wind. When, on striking a light indoors, he observed a thin glistening streak across his table, which terminated in a large brown garden slug, he knew again that the Great Mother was warning him. And when, last of all, two black spiders dropped from the thatched roof of his cottage, to find a safer home on the floor, he sat down and meditated how the coming great thunderstorm would affect the wheat-ricks and barley stacks, and what might be saved.

There are signs which are as unmistakable in their significance as the turned thumbs of the Romans in the days of the amphitheatre. In the case of Mrs. Green, where first one symptom disappeared, after a dose or two of Seigel's Syrup, and then another, this lady knew that the Syrup was on the way to cure her as surely as she lived.

"As I suffered for about three years from most acute indigestion," she writes, "it gives me great pleasure to testify to the complete cure which a small quantity of Seigel's Curative Syrup effected in my case, after several medical men had prescribed for me in vain."

"From 1897 until about two months ago (the date of Mrs. Green's letter is December 3rd, 1900), I endured a continual agony of sleepless nights, racking headaches, tired and languid feelings and nasty choking sensations in the throat. A great deal of my time was spent in bed, as I was quite unable to get about."

Cynical men and women sometimes propound the query, Is life worth living? The fact is, many people don't know how to live. They exist merely. Like prisoners confined in a dungeon or who are given liberty conditionally upon their dragging a weight about.

Perfect health is the first necessity of a happy life. Torpid livers, constipated motions, anaemic disorders, skin affections and uric acid troubles render life unbearable. The victim, whether he be farmer or prime minister, will eventually have to take to bed as did Mrs. Green in this instance.

"I had been in bed four weeks," she continues, "when a friend who is a firm believer in Seigel's Curative Syrup for all forms of dyspeptic troubles called upon me, and strongly urged me to try this remedy."

"I confess I was sceptical, but my friend insisted and gave me a bottle to commence with. I got immediate relief from this and before the bottle was empty the distressing symptoms had nearly every one disappeared."

"I purchased another bottle myself, and that completed the cure. I am now in perfect health. Naturally, I consider the effect of Seigel's Syrup in my case marvellous. It changed me from an invalid and dyspeptic of three years' standing, into a healthy woman."

"I am a native of Auckland and well-known here, where I have been in business for nine years." (Mrs.) Annie Green, St. George's Hall Buildings, Great North Road, Auckland, N. Z.

Farmer Oak could foretell a thunderstorm from signs that he had been taught to read by long experience, and years of study enable me to set down here signs of a condition, which if not cured, will bring about a collapse of your system. If any of the following symptoms are troubling you, secure a bottle of Seigel's Syrup at once and follow the directions for taking it.

Lack of appetite, heart palpitation pains in the chest, back, head and sides, flatulency, low and depressed spirits, nerve and neuritic pains, anaemic pains in the kidneys, rheumatism, gout, and sciatic gravel or stone, a cutting pain between the shoulders, weak eyesight, constipation and headaches so-called "decline," counterfeited heart disease, great mental distress. These disorders are like so many branches of a genealogical tree, and spring from the one great evil, Indigestion.

### ALFRED STEAD JR., WRITES UP HAWAII

LONDON, March 22.—The Saturday Review, continuing its anti-American campaign, today publishes a long communication from Alfred Stead, son of W. T. Stead, the editor picturing the alleged deplorable condition of Hawaii as a result of annexation to the United States. Mr. Stead said that the unvarying lament is heard from every class, whether planter or member of the government, to the effect that Hawaii has reaped no good from annexation. The foremost advocates of annexation in 1898 are now the most bitter and outspoken in bewailing its accomplishment.

Mr. Stead says that the application of the American coastwise navigation laws has deprived the islands of the use of 37,853 tons of shipping annually, thus crippling trade and raising freight rates. The wealthy inhabitants of the islands continued Mr. Stead when they are in a hurry to reach the Pacific coast are frequently forced to take passage on a foreign vessel and pay a fine of \$200 in addition to their fare.

The frequent calls of transports are greatly deplored as they almost always bring smallpox or some other contagious requiring quarantine, and the exclusion of the Chinese is ruining the labor market. The tariff concessions to Cuba threaten to kill the sugar industry. America has twice prevented Hawaii from obtaining a cable. Hawaii is thus cut off from newspaper publicity.

## GENERAL DELAREY THE BOER WHO CAPTURED METHUEN



which is essential to securing speedy reforms.

Commenting editorially on this communication from Mr. Stead the Saturday Review says: "Whatever evils the Hawaiians are suffering as a result of American protection, they have richly merited it as a punishment for their monstrous treatment of Liliuokalani."

### STEAMPOUGH IS AT THE TRACK

The race track is getting in good shape again and yesterday most everything in the stables worked for about the first time since the rain. Nothing but slow work was done and 2.40 would have won every heat.

John Ouderkerk's brown pacer Steamplough, last year's sensation until he went wrong shortly before the races, has been taken to the track and is now in the hands of Jack Gibson. The shave-tailed wonder is looking well and is said to have all his old-time speed right with him.

The championship indoor baseball shield will shortly be put in place in the gymnasium of the Young Men's Christian Association. The following names of players on the victorious team are inscribed on the shield:

J. B. Gorman, captain, M. G. Johnston, E. M. Cheatham, W. O. Dunn, R. S. Pierson, C. M. Taylor, C. W. Girvin, J. A. Templeton and W. C. Crook.

The league baseball teams have all started practice and have been assigned regular afternoons for the use of the Makiki ground. The Mailes play on Monday, the Honolulu on Tuesday, and the Custom-house nine on Friday. All members of these teams are requested to turn up to practice as often as possible.

The race track is drying up nicely, and there is every prospect of good going in next Saturday's athletic contests.

The Punahou track team have been putting on finishing touches to their training at the Peninsula the last few days.

The Maile Ilima athletes are doing a lot of earnest training for the field day. They go out to Kapoli Park every afternoon in a rig and as a result of consistent practice are improving considerably in both form and actual results.

The professional tug-of-war tournament commences April 26. Eight teams have entered, including Public Works, Pacific Hardware Company, All American, Longhorns, Portuguese and African teams. Chas. Costa is captain of the Garbage aggregation. Captain Flint, of the All Americans, W. J. Mossman of the Longhorns, and Sidney Boyd of the Africans.

A platform has been erected in Asia warehouse and lights have been put in. The platform is 100 feet long and is raised four feet from the ground. The first prize will be \$200 and the second \$50. The tournament will be conducted under the auspices of the Honolulu Athletic Club.

### BILL MAY NEED DEMOCRATIC VOTES

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Although the Ways and Means committee of the House today is a few days away from the bill for the relief of Cuba, the best-sugar men have not yet given up hope. They will carry the fight to the floor of the House and although they do not expect to win there they believe it will require a large vote to pass the bill. The sugar men may defeat the measure.

A summing up of the bill after the session of the House is held up against the Payne-Aldrich bill. The House Representative Mr. Payne is as well posted as any member on the matter and he is under the impression that the bill is a good one. It is a bill for the relief of Cuba and it is a bill for the relief of Cuba.

to have "fallen down," but on the other hand one or two recruits are expected before the final vote is cast.

There is really a hopeful feeling among certain Senators that the Cuban relief bill will be beaten. While the President's influence is as potent in the Senate as in the House, if not more so, there are Senators who declare boldly that they will not support the Administration measure for the relief of Cuba. Among those in the Republican ranks are Perkins and Bard of California, Nelson and Clapp of Minnesota, Quarles of Wisconsin, Burrows of Michigan, Hoar of Massachusetts, Foster of Washington, Mitchell and Simon of Oregon and Jones of Nevada. Others are expected to come into line.

Senator Hoar, it is said, will make a strong speech against the measure. Senator Burrows, who is leading the anti-reduction forces, expresses much confidence in the outcome.

### TRAGEDY ON A RAILROAD

TOPEKA, Kan., April 1.—A special to the State Journal from St. Mary's, Kan., says:

Three persons were instantly killed and another perhaps fatally injured shortly after 1 o'clock this morning at Bond's Crossing, two miles west of Rossville, by the Union Pacific passenger train No. 3, westbound. The dead:

FRED SMITH.

MISS MINNIE MAINIE.

Mrs. Fred Smith may recover, although at 9 o'clock this morning she was still unconscious and was in a delirious condition.

Mrs. Smith was married last Sunday, and Miss Minnie Mainie was to have been married next Sunday to Edward Smith, one of the men killed. The young people had been to St. Mary's to attend a Woodmen dance and were returning home when the accident occurred. The bodies of the killed were terribly mangled. Miss Mainie's head was completely severed from her body. Both the horses were instantly killed and the carriage splintered. The engineer did not see the carriage until after the engine had struck it.

Robson and Crane Again.

CHICAGO, April 1.—Robson and Crane are to be re-united after a separation of eight years. It may be for only one performance, or it may be for two. One is to be held in New York and the other if held, in Chicago, and both are for the fund raising to establish a home for indigent player-folk. Information of the proposed joint appearance of the famous comedians has been received in a telegram from Mr. Robson's manager, Daniel V. Arthur.

A Gift to Ohio.

EMPORIA, Kan., April 1.—The National Woman's Relief Corps home at Madison Ohio is to be turned over to the State of Ohio. A deed for this purpose has reached Emporia. It is to be signed here by Mrs. Belle C. Harris, National Senior Vice-President, who will forward it to Mrs. Minnie M. Kyle of Chicago the junior vice president. From her it will go in turn to each of the other National officers until it has traversed most of the Union.

A VALUABLE MEDICINE

For Coughs and Colds in Children. "I have not the slightest hesitancy in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to all who are suffering from coughs and colds," says Charles M. Cramer, Esq., a well known watch maker of Colorado, Ceylon. "It has been some time since the City Dispensary first called my attention to this valuable medicine, and I have repeatedly used it and it has always been beneficial. It has cured me quickly of all chest colds. It is especially effective for children and seldom takes more than one bottle to cure them of hoarseness. I have persuaded many to try this valuable medicine, and they are all as well pleased as myself over the results." For sale by all druggists and dealers. Bennett, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

## A KNIGHT OF HAWAII

### Anecdotes of Old and New Times Here.

(Special to the Advertiser.)

SAN FRANCISCO, March 29.—Here is a peek of gossip from the News Letter and Town Talk, all about Hawaiians or those well known in the Islands:

### A KNIGHT OF HAWAII.

Years ago, when good King Kalakaua ruled over the Hawaiian Islands, Mr. Henry Heyman, the San Francisco musician, went to Honolulu. Mr. Heyman's musical ability pleased the king, and he knighted him—so it was Sir Henry Heyman who came back to us in place of the plain Henry Heyman who went away.

At this point my story jumps several years. One day, not long ago, another musician, who also writes went to a noted palmist of this town, and refusing to talk, let her figure out for herself what the lines in his hand indicated. She fell down considerably in her reading, giving him credit for little musical ability. Hearing afterward who her client was, she determined that she must perfect herself on the lines that show musical ability. With that end in view she invited Mr. Josef Hofmann, the pianist, to submit his hand for a reading.

He went, accompanied by Sir Henry Heyman, and the palmist made a close and careful study of Mr. Hofmann's hand, then laughingly announced that she could not be deceived in a musician's hand again.

It was at this juncture that Sir Henry conceived the idea of perpetrating a joke on her. So he told her that he would like a reading. He added that he had been a teacher all his life, but had some inclination toward music—in fact, thought of taking it up as a profession.

The palmist examined his hand intently, then looked up and shook her head with much decision. "No," she said, "I would advise you to stick to banking. There isn't a sign in your hand that you will succeed as a musician."

Sir Henry is undecided whether the joke is on him or on the palmist—but his friends rather think he is the victim.

THEODORE WORES RETURNING. A letter from Samoa, announces the early home-coming of Theodore Wore, the artist, who has been working hard for months on south sea subjects. He spent much of his time on the island of Savai, one of the Samoan group, which is practically unexplored, and where the inhabitants still keep up their tribal customs. Oddly enough, Marie Wells and Marie Oge, whose pictures he delighted to paint, sail today for Tahiti. Miss Oge will return on the next steamer, but Miss Wells and her mother will continue their trip to Samoa and New Zealand.

CUPID'S WORK UNDER THE PALMS. I advise all young women who are contemplating matrimony with South Sea Islanders, whole or half caste, to read Louis Becke's tales of the tropic seas. If they are capable of drawing conclusions therefrom they may be saved many unpleasant repinings after the fatal knot is tied. Marriages with half-castes are quite the thing since Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines were added to our possessions. Generally these marriages have the white blood in the bridegroom's side, and in that case it is only the offspring that suffer from the mixture of races. A short time ago an Oregon man, Albert Brazee, married one of the prettiest of the Filipino belles, Consuela Palma, the heiress of Judge Jose Palma, in his time a famed justice of Manila. This marriage promises to be one of the happy ones for it was a decided love match.

### THE BENCH GROANS.

Judge George Gear, of the First Circuit Court of Hawaii, whose family live here and who formerly practiced law in San Francisco, is being attacked by the newspapers of Honolulu for snoring on the Bench of Counsel, litigants and jury-men complain that the Judge, who weighs about as much as does Captain Barnes, but lacks Captain Barnes' shapeliness, slumbers at the most inopportune moments. Captain Barnes has been known to fall asleep while looking at a winning whist hand, and Colonel Kowalsky often walks down Market street sound asleep, but both are active when business calls, and Judge Gear goes into the arms of Morpheus while lawyers are delivering learned opinions and jury-men waiting to be dismissed for dinner. A few days ago, the fat jurist found on his desk a Bible, open and marked at the following passage: "He giveth His beloved sleep." Judge Gear made a futile attempt to discover the culprit, with promises of a heavy punishment for contempt of court.

FREDERICK O'BRIEN

### A ROW AMONG THE METHODISTS

NEW YORK, April 1.—The New York east conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, which will meet on Tuesday at Torrington, will try Dr. George Reed, State Librarian of Pennsylvania and President of Dickinson College, on charges preferred by Dr. Swallow, prohibition candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania last year, says a World special from Torrington, Conn.

Dr. Reed is charged with speaking in a defamatory way of John Wanamaker, John M. Jones, Democratic nominee for Governor in 1898, of Dr. Swallow and of Governor Stone; also with violating a provision of the Pennsylvania law compelling the Librarian to reside in Harrisburg, and with unchristian conduct in holding the position of Librarian at a salary instead of giving all his time to his appointment under the conference.

PANAMA, Colombia, April 1.—A private message received here from Bogota which has been officially confirmed, announces the death, March 19, at Villalima, a few miles from Bogota, of former President Manuel San Clemente.

### TAKE RIGHT STEP.

Every ordinary cold is deserving of serious attention.

A step in one direction carries the system from an ordinary cold on into grippe, pneumonia, or consumption. A step in another direction carries the system back into good health.

Nature and Scott's Emulsion work hand in hand in their effort to make your system take the right step. Nature is working all the time. Scott's Emulsion can't work unless you take it. Scott's Emulsion then makes nature work harder than ever.

If you have only a cold and wish to ensure a favorable outcome, take Scott's Emulsion.

Send for Free Sample.  
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

Best at the lowest price at Hopp's

### Our Class of Furniture

might lead you to suppose we ask large prices, but such is far from the truth.

Although all goods that come into our establishment must pass the closest scrutiny and give a good account of themselves both from the standpoint of quality and art our prices are lower than are asked for inferior goods. We give you the benefit of our good judgment and taste in buying.



### Bedroom Sets At \$32

and the very best for the money. Of course we have cheaper ones but these are of hardwood finish and consist of seven pieces.

### Don't Forget

that when you want couches, pillows filled, furniture repaired and polishing done that our UPHOLSTERY, AND REPAIR DEPARTMENT is up-to-date.

### J. Hopp & Co.

LEADING FURNITURE  
DEALERS

Corner King and Bethel Sts.

### DRINK Kamel

A pure carbonated drink, made from juice of the California Grape Fruit. Delivered in city limits at

30 CENTS

the dozen. We want your order.

Telephone Main 71.

Consolidated Soda

Works Company, Ltd.

When the Moana left Sydney there had been, up to March 21, 76 cases of bubonic plague in all. Of these 21 had died, 12 been discharged, and 43 were in the hospital. For the week ending March 21, 15 cases had been reported, of which three resulted fatally. On account of plague being in Brisbane, the Moana did not enter the harbor at that place, but transferred passengers and freight to lighters.



# THE GAMINS WORK WELL

## Supt. Waldron on Boys' Brigade Record.

Following is the semi-annual report of the superintendent of the Boys' Brigade:

The problem of this half year has been to meet our opportunities. For it has been a season of open doors; of genuine interest on the part of the boys; of widening influence and prestige; of better, surer work on our part. Certain laws of boy life—habits, desires, possibilities, are known, mapped and available for guidance. Yet it has been a half year of results more than investigation or experimentation. To a scientific investigation we can give data. To our friends we can show boys in five parts of the city being trained to self-control and enjoying the training. These same local gangs are receiving from the entertainment course (more properly university extension) much instruction about geography, travel, natural history, gold mining. And all that comes to them after a short school training is what we are giving them. And it is due the volunteer lecturers to say it has been of a high order.

I am thankful for the remarkable growth which has come, but confess to a vision, which is not visionary, of a more wonderful future, sometime, under someone's hands, of work along our lines, for boys here and in every city. Listen to the reasons for such a vision:

### BOYS' TRADE SCHOOL.

We began this term on the 2nd of September. From the first the classes have been full, at times too full. Eager boys have pushed plane and saw till they were heated and blistered. They have learned how to use compass, saw and spokeshave and some have learned the name and use of every tool of a carpenter shop. We have made wooden guns for the drill, tables and chairs for the club, have turned Indian clubs, dumb bells, billiard balls, baseball bats; every boy has turned a calabash and some have turned over new leaves. For there are morals and manners in manual training. We took the carbons out of the stereopticon, and using them as a plain air light, built an annex, which is being used as the advance or commercial shop, under Mr. Gear. For six months there was an average of over twenty boys in the afternoon classes and over twenty-two in the night. I venture to believe that more hours beyond the day's task have been given to self-improvement by these boys than by any equal number of people in this city.

Seventy boys have partaken of the class privileges for periods of more than two months, while taking off more than a hundred have been helped. This is not only very gratifying but indeed remarkable. The experiment is such no more. There will be times of less interest, perhaps, but the strength of that hour can retell it.

### THE CLUB ROOM.

This was opened in September for the first time. The trade school filled it with all necessary furniture, games, and gymnastic apparatus, and lately finished a stage front and dressing rooms. The reading matter has come from Mrs. Berger, of the Associated Charities, and from the Y. M. C. A. The popular things are the colored comic papers, as Puck and Judge, and Yardley's local skits. I have noticed a strengthening reading habit, such books as Alice in Wonderland and Robinson Crusoe, being dipped into. In the gymnasium the popular things run in this order: Punching bag, drum, horizontal bar, ladder health lifts, Indian clubs, etc. In treating the club room in a critical way it is hard to be sure of the real drift, for these reasons: (1) Large numbers of boys; (2) many of these are not yet of our clubs or school and do not know our requirements in manners and morals; (3) the club room director was the Trade school teacher. But the school was opened at 4:30 and most of the boys have worked one and a half hours by 5:30 by opening at 7:15 by a helper and running it myself from 8:15 to 9:30. I kept a hold on things. On Saturday night we have over a hundred in and yet this is naturally our smallest night. But we are using Mr. Richards' lantern, and by means of it we are giving a course on world travel and history and have received an interested hearing from seventy-five boys. This club room is a growth and is on a solid basis. It would repay any young man to take it a certain night of the week and measure his native force against these fresh, untrained young lives; all ages, all races, and various degrees of birth and training.

One observation: the pleasure and profit found in our simple gymnasium impresses upon me the deep and abiding power which would come to the whole affiliated work by the compilation and use of our athletic field. I think it very, very desirable for the Brigade's sake, as all our spheres of work are reacting to mutual benefit.

### FORECAST.

The clubs are doing well. Years will bring results. They must. Patience and perseverance are the principal things, with a constant remembrance that a boy is a boy, "only this and nothing more." Military drill should be military to be efficient. Discipline should be respected. But we should be comrades, not official superiors. The trade school will provide its own helpers, and evolve its own methods; but will be compelled to be a shop more than a school; to make rather than teach; and it will be compelled to change its work to keep interest alert. The club will be a constant source of helpfulness and comfort to boys and workers; and I think it will present no really difficult phase. I should suggest its being organized on an independent basis, with a special committee. Constantly will appear the results

# CHINESE CONSUL'S ACTS INVESTIGATED AT CAPITAL

UNDER confidential instructions from Secretary Hay, of the State Department at Washington, Governor Cooper spent yesterday in investigating charges made against Chinese Consul Yang Wei Pin, in certain affidavits forwarded to Washington March 4th. The charges were prepared and sent to Washington by Chinese-American citizens, men whose citizenship came as a result of the operation of the Organic act, and who, as members or officers of the Bow Wongs, have felt the hand of the Chinese Government.

Owing to the confidential character of the mission delegated to him, Governor Cooper refuses to discuss the matter in any form, and the men who made the charges are equally reticent, owing to the fact that the matter, having reached the stage of an official investigation, they believe they will have redress from the Government. They also fear there might be trouble for them if they discussed what is now a matter in the hands of the Federal authorities. It is learned, however, that there are more than a score of specifications in the charges which are contained in the affidavits, which accompany the original complaint.

The charges are said to have been pressed at Washington by certain citizens, at their head being Wong Leong, the planter and merchant, who is at the head of the Bow Wongs. Wong Leong sent forward the charges on March 4th, and in the last mail he received a letter from the State Department, acknowledging the receipt of the communications, and promising early attention. As the return letters were dated March 20th, there has been little time lost in preparing for action. The investigation being made by Governor Cooper was undertaken immediately, and there appeared to him such need for haste that he postponed his going to Hilo, that he might conclude the matter and send forward his report at once.

All day yesterday there were hearings in the office of the Governor, many of the Chinese citizens whose names were attached to the affidavits, or who were supposed to have cognizance of the facts, being summoned to appear and give testimony before the executive. There are so many counts in the indictment that there may be something sensational in the matter when it comes out finally. There are only two or three cases, which are so well known that they may be discussed. One of them is the case of Wong Leong, whose sufferings have been those of the mind, and may yet be those of pocket. Wong Leong was one of the chief offenders, but owing to the fact that his immediate family is in this country, of which he has been a citizen for many years, the Chinese authorities must

of all branches in strength of body, skill to work, minds to know and souls to let the Captain King rule and reign.

JOHN D. WALDRON,  
Supt. Boys' Brigade.

## SOME LOCAL ITEMS.

(From Wednesday's daily.)

The Honolulu Athletic Club team has been withdrawn from the athletic contests to be decided next Saturday, and the club will be unrepresented at the meeting.

The directors of the club decided on this course owing to their team having been weakened by several unlooked for occurrences, and on account of a lack of enthusiasm among the rank and file of the club's athletes.

The withdrawal of the team is greatly to be regretted, for it will deprive the meeting of a great deal of the interest which would otherwise have been attached to it, and will leave a number of men who have trained conscientiously without a club to run for.

Meanwhile the Maile Illmas have been steadily strengthening their forces until today they are conceded to have a show for the premier honors. One of their men, Ben Clarke, entered in the mile run, has done the distance in practice in 5:11, and is confidently expected by his club mates to land the race.

There are other contending elements in the long distance event, however. Brown, of Panahou, who won the dual meet mile, is said to be several seconds behind another runner of the Panahou Athletic Club. Mayhall of the Y. M. C. A. is also regarded as being dangerous if he starts, and if he runs up to his old country form will about win. Then the Artillery have a man who can step better than five minutes, if necessary. Taken altogether, the mile run promises to be one of the best contested races on the card.

There will probably be another big athletic meeting in the fall at the close of the baseball season, held under the auspices of the McKinley Memorial committee. At this meeting, at which all the local athletic clubs will be represented, the Hawaiian championships for the year will be decided, and valuable individual prizes offered.

The Merchants' Association held a meeting yesterday afternoon, at 4 o'clock in the Stock Exchange chamber and endorsed the resolution of the Chamber of Commerce regarding the fire claims, and gave authority to J. G. Pratt to represent the Merchants' Association in the presentation of the resolution at Washington. Upon motion of Geo. W. Smith, the Merchants' Association heartily concurred in the Chamber of Commerce resolution, and it will go forward with Mr. Pratt today as a joint resolution of the two business organizations.

Both the Chamber of Commerce and the Merchants' Association have furnished Mr. Pratt with certificates showing that he is their duly accredited representative in the presentation of the fire claims matter to the Federal authorities at Washington.

Those present at the meeting were: President W. W. Dimond, Secretary W. W. Harris, W. W. Hall, Geo. W. Smith, L. B. Kerr, George Angus, J. G. Rothwell, John Soper, J. F. Humburg, M. Phillips, J. G. Spencer of the Chamber of Commerce, E. A. McInerney.

The fumigating crew is now working alongside of the Irmgard wharf.

needs take up the matter of making their reprisals upon the Wongs. There are some 3000 Wongs, and the first thing done was the seizure of the ancestral shrine. It is alleged that three times was this done, and each time the family was taxed for its redemption. The total sum collected in fines for the release of the temple was \$1250, and to make this binding the heads of the family served notice upon Wong that unless he would make this sum good to them they would erase his name from the family records, a species of reading out which means much to the Chinese.

Another case was that of Lam Sai, who was a merchant of prominence here, and who was proscribed. His mother and grandmother were thrown into prison, according to the reports, and his mother tortured to such an extent that she committed suicide, the grandmother dying in prison from the shock. Lam Sai left here for China, vowing revenge upon the Taotai of the district, and although he has been back once he is again in China. It is thought intent upon revenge. It is alleged, however, by the consul's friends that Lam Sai was not one of the Lam family at all, but of the Leong family, a man who secured his papers and changed his name. Another charge which is made against the consul is that of extortion. One affidavit says that a Chinese who applied for a certificate for extension of privilege of return to this country was made to pay \$25 for it, and yet another swears that the consul devised a certificate of residence, which never had been required before, which simply set forth the fact that the man named was a resident of the Islands, which certificates were taken out by the hundreds by Chinese, costing them \$5.25 each. In another place the allegation is made that papers which before cost only \$2.50 are paid for at the rate of \$12.50 by the patrons of the present consulate. It is alleged that an affidavit was sent making charges connecting the consul with opium transactions.

The fact that the matter has reached this stage creates only satisfaction among the friends of the consul, who say they will be able to prove the counter allegations they will make, and that they want to see the whole matter sifted to the bottom.

Li Kwong Hing, who will act as secretary to the consulate here, arrived in the China yesterday. He has been stationed at Manila, and the change comes as a promotion. Dr. Li says the change which has taken place in Manila under American rule is very noticeable, and the city has now become quite a nice place. There are still difficulties outside the city, he said. He said he thought he would enjoy his stop here, from the little he had seen of the city.

## MEET THE BISHOP.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

For more than an hour last evening people of Honolulu passed in double line through the parlors of the Hawaiian hotel, greeting Bishop Nichols and Miss Nichols, and extending to them the welcome of the city. The reception of the ladies of the Guilds of St. Andrews and St. Clements drew to the presence of the prelate a gathering which was representative of the very best elements of Honolulu, the welcome being one which was not bounded by creed or faction, and which was in every way hearty and heartfelt.

For the occasion the eastern end of the hotel was transformed. The ladies of the churches had taken into their hands the decorations, and cut flowers, palms, parasol vines and taro leaves were blended with flags and lights in perfecting the picture which greeted the eyes of the visitors. The entire wing of the hotel had been placed at the disposal of the ladies and Manager Lake gave his force and worked himself to assist in the making perfect the ensemble. The receiving party, made up of Mrs. S. S. Robertson, Mrs. Alexander Mackintosh, Bishop Nichols, Miss Nichols, Mrs. J. H. Soper and Mrs. C. S. Crane, in the order as they stood at the end of the parlors, was placed in front of a mirror and a floral bank, and from each side there were thrown reflections of flowers and palms, the bright dresses of the guests, adding to the superb decorative effects.

Mrs. Mackintosh and Mrs. Osborne presented the guests to Bishop Nichols and Mr. Arthur Mackintosh took charge of the presentations to Miss Nichols. The visitors began to pass through the reception room at 8 o'clock and it was after nine when the crowd had passed, and at that time every hall was filled with guests. At the end of the building Mr. Lake had arranged for the service of refreshments and the young men and maids served every guest with lemonade and cakes and loes. Music was furnished throughout by Berger's band and it was not until late that the reception was concluded.

Bishop Nichols allowed it to become known that it was his intention to take back with him some young Hawaiian, who intended to enter the ministry, and to have him educated for holy orders in California, without expense.

The reception was in charge of the following committees of the two guilds:

Decorations—Mrs. E. D. Tenney, Mrs. George Smithers, Mrs. Mist and Mrs. W. M. Giffard.

Refreshments—Mrs. E. W. Jordan, Mrs. E. J. Spalding, Mrs. F. A. Schaefer, Mrs. C. S. Rhodes, Mrs. C. W. Booth, Mrs. Charles Day, Mrs. Osborn, Mrs. C. L. Crabbe and others, assisted by Miss Juliet King, Miss Sarah Robertson, Miss Jennie Giffard, Miss Marion Green, the Misses Rycroft, the Misses Jordan, Miss Alice Luce, Miss Spalding, Miss Soper, Miss Osborne, Miss Deverill, Miss Reynolds, Miss Annie Whitney, the Misses Schaefer, Miss Mary Cation, Miss Emily Taylor, Miss Center, Miss Gertrude Tucker, the Misses Ward, Miss Bailey, the Misses Smith, Miss Nalani Jones, Miss Creighton.

Ushers—Messrs. Anderson, Coburn, Mackintosh, Ross Soper, Irvine, Leland, McGrew, Frank Fernandez, Miranda, Green, Young, Osborne, Spalding and Blackman.

# WORK FOR CHILDREN

## Kindergarten Facts From Maui Isle.

April 1st celebrated the first anniversary of the opening of Alexander House, Walluku, Maui, a department of which is the kindergarten.

The kindergarten enrollment the first day was twenty-nine, which has now grown to seventy, with an average attendance of fifty-six.

Six nationalities are represented, the Hawaiians leading in numbers.

Mrs. Knowlton has the beautiful kindergarten spirit, deepened by the knowledge of the preciousness of these little ones. Of the three assistants, two are Hawaiians and one Chinese. Miss Minerva Langford, a Maui Seminary girl, has her home with the workers. Miss Celia King lives in Walluku and Miss Em Ming Young lives with the Chinese minister.

The kindergarten room is large and airy, with a fine view. Window boxes, plants, fish and a bird make the room home-like and give the children some lessons in care-taking.

The piano box, converted into a house, stands in one corner. It has a sitting room, dining room and kitchen on the first floor, two bed rooms and a bath room on the second floor. Appropriate furniture for each room, curtains, etc., were made by the children, walls papered and house painted inside and out. The family of five dolls make real the housekeeping.

The children are now cultivating their second crop of vegetables. The first class has graduated into the public schools. Flattering reports are given by their teachers.

Baldwin Kindergarten, Lahaina, opened Sept. 3rd, with thirty children, and now has an enrollment of fifty-nine, with an average attendance of fifty.

Here the Japanese outnumber other nationalities.

Miss F. S. Barker has as her assistants Miss Rachel Hazelden and two Hawaiian girls, Misses Rose Akeo and Fanny Adams.

The kindergarten building and grounds were the gift of Hon. H. P. Baldwin. On consecrated soil the real missionary work is going on.

Situated in the most congested part of the town, the child garden meets the local need.

The large room, 32 x 42, with 12 foot veranda, gives space for occupations and games. The Gilbert Island mothers spend many mornings on the veranda weaving hats. At the sound of the piano they are in the room, entering fully into the spirit of the games.

What have our kindergartens done? They have entered the homes. The happiest relations exist between teachers and parents, kindergartens and homes. The monthly mothers' meetings, of a social character, with refreshments, the weekly visit in the homes, the visits of the parents to the kindergarten and through all the mutual love for the child is realizing the best things into which "A little child shall lead them."

Often is the statement made by visitors, "Your children are from the best families." Yes, we have from all grades and all are of the one royal family. The exception is so small that we can say all the children are neatly dressed and show the mothers' care. In our cosmopolitan kindergartens we have the first complaint to be made of moral contamination. As the first months of the baby's life records marvelous development of baby mind and spirit, in like measure does the kindergarten witness the changes from abnormal to healthy growth.

A visit to last mothers' meeting would have revealed the tie that binds. Thirty-five mothers were there, eight Chinese. It was a model social.

Most nobly are our plantations helping solve the problem they have created. How to make citizens of the Hawaiian born Asiatics and Porto Ricans. Our land at Walluku is the gift of the plantation; it also gives \$50 per month toward the support of the kindergarten. At Lahaina the plantation gives \$50 per month and has donated six months' use of a teachers' cottage.

Gathered in our kindergartens are the little ones from the one-room house, the one family bed. Others are from

homes in which idols are set up and incense burned to strange gods. Girls are of little value. From the American, Hawaiian, Portuguese, Chinese, Japanese, Gilbert Islands, and Porto Rican homes they come; environment different, moral standards different.

The kindergarten is the child home, the place for its natural development. The law of childhood, activity, is regarded here. In occupations and games, it is the kindergarten family. Ah Sue skips with Mary, Hausaki bows to Domingo, and Antone shares his beads with Lelaioha. The spirit of courtesy and helpfulness is the atmosphere of the place. Here is the true beginning of the operation of the law. The fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man. Years will show the results in better moral, industrial and economic conditions.

We cannot speak of our kindergarten without making mention of the one whose generous support and sympathy have entered so vitally into them. Mrs. H. P. Baldwin. The number of Honolulu ladies who are helping on the running expenses are putting their money to its best use. Would that we had a kindergarten at Hana.

Respectfully submitted,  
A. J. MALONE.

## HONOLULU ALIVE.

When you know a good thing tell it. It will not lessen its goodness. But will do good to others. If you've been cured, tell it. There's more misery just like it, waiting to find out how.

There are lots of lame backs in Honolulu. It's a busy place and people must work. There's kidney trouble to a large extent.

Ever notice how many people over 40 complain?

Seven out of ten say colds affect their kidneys.

The kidneys are the sources, not the colds. Keep them in shape by all means.

You can do it easily and pleasantly. No nauseating disturbances. No effect except on the kidneys. But that effect is quick and permanent.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills do perfect work. Honolulu is full of their praises.

Mr. H. G. Crabbe, of Nuuanu street, this city, formerly a merchant and clerk, is now a collector. He writes: "My age is 69 years and I am blessed with children and grandchildren. For about two years I have been troubled with a severe pain in the back. A short time ago I purchased some of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills at Hollister & Co.'s Drug Store, and found great relief through using them. I keep some of the pills by me as a safeguard against attacks of my old complaint, which I need not fear so long as I have a remedy like Doan's Backache Kidney Pills to combat them."

For sale by all dealers; price 50 cents per box, six boxes \$2.50. Mailed by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

## Howe Survey.

Following is the report of the board of survey on the schooner Frank W. Howe:

"We find the schooner moored in the harbor of Honolulu after having made a passage of 110 days from Mauritius and ran for Honolulu as a port of necessity."

"The schooner herself is all right. Her bottom must be foul, as the captain claims that she does not sail as she ought to."

"We find the fore and main gaff broken, the main jib in bad condition, several coils of rope used up in securing gaffs and sails and several blocks lost. The standing sails are in need of some repairs."

"Two of the crew are laid off with beriberi and the vessel ran short of supplies."

After recommending purchase of blocks, ropes, sails, etc., the report continues:

"The vessel requires additional stores to prosecute her long voyage."

"We estimate the cost of these necessary supplies and expenditures necessary to dispatch the vessel on her voyage at or about \$1400."

"A. Fuller, G. N. Brokaw, C. J. Campbell."

The government exploring party is soon to leave for Alaska.

# Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER.

IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples and Bores of all kinds, it is a never failing and permanent cure.

Cures Old Sores. Cures Sores on the Neck. Cures Sore Legs. Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face.

Cures Scurvy. Cures Ulcers. Cures Blood and Skin Diseases. Cures Glandular Swellings. A. J. CHAMBERLAIN'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains. It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL CURES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in bottles of 50 each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. By A. J. CHAMBERLAIN'S PATENT MEDICINE VENDOR throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes peddled off by unprincipled vendors. The words, "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government stamp, and Clarke's Blood Mixture is blown in the bottle, WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

## INSURANCE

Theo. H. Davies & Co.

(Limited.)

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

## Northern Assurance Company.

OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND LIFE. Established 1836. Accumulated Funds .... \$1,975,000.

## British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.

OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE. Capital ..... £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates. Immediate Payment of Claims.

## THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.

AGENTS.

## Castle & Cooke, Ltd.

HONOLULU.

## Commission Merchants.

## SUGAR FACTORS.

—AGENTS FOR—

The Bwa Plantation Co. The Waiwala Agricultural Co., Ltd. The Kohala Sugar Co. The Waimea Sugar Mill Co. The Fulton Iron Works, St. Louis, Mo.

The Standard Oil Co. The George F. Blake Steam Pump, Weston's Centrifugals. The New England Mutual Life Insurance Co. of Boston. The Aetna Fire Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn. The Alliance Assurance Co. of London.

The Drill Shed and Iwilei Wash Houses  
Have Been Painted With

# Magnite Cold Water Paint

A powder that mixes readily with cold water. It can be applied to any kind of surface—wood, stone or brick. It does not rub on second coating and is Fire, Water and Weather resisting. Has nearly all the advantages of oil paint at a fraction of the cost. Will last for years and is Unaffected by Gases and is an excellent

## DISINFECTANT

It can be used as a first coating and then regular oil paint applied for a second coat. It is the Best Fire Proof Paint made and the Boston Board of Underwriters make an allowance on insurance rates where it is used. It will not rub, scale or disorder, nor soften with age or moisture. Send for sample card of colors. Full lines of Paints, Oils Varnishes, Turpentine and Brushes.

# Pacific Hardware Co., Ltd.

907-915 Fort Street, Honolulu.











# SHOT IN THE HEAD

## Native Attempts to Take His Life.

(From Thursday's daily.)

Because a comely Hawaiian girl jilted him, Antone Kapooa, a Hawaiian youth, attempted to take his life yesterday afternoon, about 6 o'clock, in a house in Kewalo. The weapon with which the attempt was made was a .22-calibre revolver and the bullet was directed toward his temple. Through some freak of fate, the ball did not enter the brain, as the boy hoped, but merely broke the skin and circled around the skull. Kapooa is now lying on a cot in the Queen's hospital and is not much the worse for his trial at ridding his body of its life.

"I did it—I tried to kill myself because she did not love me," was his statement to Police Officers Mullettner and Carney, who were sent by Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth to investigate the shooting which aroused the Kewaloans. "She" is the girl who did not respond to his love advances, and in brooding over the matter for two weeks, Kapooa decided that life was not worth living. A few weeks since the boy was on the list of suspect lepers, but was released. Upon being delivered from surveillance he made love to the girl. His nose is almost gone from the effects of some disease.

### Wreck of the "Sendai Maru."

YOKOHAMA, March 27.—Commander Koldzumi of the Japanese warship Helyen, has forwarded from Fusan the following telegram to the Navy Department, under date of March 25th:

On the 22nd inst., when the Helyen was at anchor at Shonan Island, a report came to hand of the foundering of the Nippon Yusen Kwaisha steamer Sendai Maru near Taroto Island. It is understood that the steamer was destined for Chefoo from Nagasaki, and during the voyage she struck the southern coast of that island on the 19th inst., at 8:30 a. m., owing to dense fog. After the crew and passengers, numbering 118 persons, were safely landed on the island the steamer foundered, the hull being submerged. There is apparently no hope of raising her. All the passengers and crew were taken aboard the Helyen by noon yesterday and were taken to Fusan today (25th) at 5 a. m.

### Whites Need Aid.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Monday, March 25.—Prof. O. F. Hillyer, professor of biblical languages at the Atlanta Theological Seminary, in an address at Plymouth Congregational church, made the statement that there are twice the facilities for the education of the negroes in the South to that for the whites. The latter, Mr. Hillyer said, had been neglected; and it was to the advantage of good citizenship that attention be made to this phase of development in the South. Prof. Hillyer has come north for a three months' leave of absence to arouse interest in the poor whites of the South. He says that the greatest problem in the educational and religious work in the South is to secure men for the work. If 100 churches were to organize there today he said there would be no men for pastors.

### Honolulu's Prosperity.

The U. S. steam collier Alexander has arrived at Honolulu with a full cargo of coal for the coaling station at that important rendezvous. The value of this port for a coaling depot has never been so great as at the present time, and it is safe to say that the immense volume of war material passing through Honolulu will show a steady increase with the augmentation of our forces in the Far East. Honolulu is now in the midst of an era of greater prosperity than has ever been known, and with the installation of the new Naval station at Pearl Harbor, but seven miles distant, the importance of the capital will increase by leaps and bounds.—Army and Navy Journal.

### Hutchinson Plantation Company.

The report presented at the annual meeting of the Hutchinson Sugar Plantation Company, held on Tuesday last, covered a term of nine months, during which the net profits were \$119,250.43. The indebtedness aggregated \$38,044, with about one-third of last year's crop of sugar to be accounted for, while the debt is being reduced at the rate of about \$10,000 per month. During the nine months, dividends were paid aggregating \$117,500. The condition of the plantation is reported excellent, with no improvement necessary or contemplated during the coming year. The sugar crop for 1902 is estimated at 8,500 tons.—News-Letter.

### Krueger Disconcerted.

NEW YORK, April 1.—Bursale telegrams indicate, says the London correspondent of the Tribune, that the peace movement of the Transvaal executive has greatly disconcerted Mr. Krueger. Among the immediate retainers of the ex-President word is said to have been given out to discredit Schalk-Burgers. The acting President, to whom Krueger delegated his powers, is denounced as a weak kneed patriot.

### In the Snow Belt.

BUTTE, Mont., March 29.—The first train out of Butte for the East over the Northern Pacific will leave at noon today and a transfer will be made at the washout between Jamestown and Bismarck by means of a raft. Railway officials stated that from the advances they had received the water covered a mile and was from two to four feet deep. Several hundred Northern Pacific passengers were last night sent East over the Great Northern railroad.

### A CHEST OF COINS.

Italian Laborers Find It on Hudson's Historic Shores

NEW YORK, April 1.—A gang of Italians at work on New York Central improvements near Anthony's Nose, three miles north of Peekskill, have, it is reported, unearthed an ancient chest filled with silver coins of small denomination.

The discovery led to a fresh outbreak of the search for Captain Kidd's alleged buried treasure, the search for which has at various times caused the upheaval of large tracts on Long Island and along the Hudson.

The fact that the coins just found bear a date subsequent to the execution of the notorious pirate at London in 1701 apparently has had little effect in checking the lust for gold and the demand for picks and shovels is said to be insatiable in the vicinity of Peekskill.

### PURE FOOD CAMPAIGN.

Embeled Milk is a Leading Cause of Offence.

NEW YORK, April 1.—In its campaign for pure food the Board of Health has had a field day in the Court of Special Sessions. Members of the board brought out the fact that the produce dealers on the East Side are violating many laws of health and that the chief offenders are those who sell polluted milk. Seventeen offenders were brought before the bar on this charge and fined from \$15 to \$30.

It was brought to the attention of the court that since the passage of the law prohibiting the use of boracic acid for the preservation of milk, the use of formaldehyde has become extremely common, and it is difficult in the crowded districts to get other than "embeled milk."

There were many cases of persons charged with selling spoiled fish and vegetables. All were heavily sentenced.

### Hyades Quarantined.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 31.—The steamer Hyades arrived from Kahului with a cargo of sugar yesterday. The quarantine officer visited the vessel and after a brief investigation, refused to grant her pratique. Later he paid her another visit and then released her, after which she proceeded to Oakland. There was nothing wrong with the vessel or cargo, but some rumors have come from the islands, and the doctors were very cautious in passing the vessel.

The Hyades had 12 days of as heavy weather as the vessel ever encountered. Captain Garlich says that the fates were not satisfied with throwing them into a northwester as soon as he left San Francisco, and keeping up the hard times until Honolulu was reached, but the storm continued to rage all the time he was among the Islands. Leaving Kahului, the Hyades ran into a northeast storm, accompanied by a mountainous sea, and the same state of affairs continued until the vessel reached San Francisco.

### Political Row in Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, April 1.—In the comedy of "Who's Sheriff?" now going on in Brooklyn a prisoner is reported to have escaped from the custody of Sheriff Guden because John Wilson, a jailer, insisted that Colonel Dike was the real sheriff and that Guden had no legal right to the custody of the prisoner. The latter was arrested on a charge of contempt of court upon an order issued by Judge Madox of the Supreme Court. The order for arrest and the commitment papers were delivered to Guden. After he had found his man he proceeded to the Raymond-street jail. The man at the door refused, however, to permit Guden the use of the place, and after the argument was over the prisoner is said to have been found missing. Guden claims, however, that he has his man securely locked up, but whether in a furnished room or in his cellar he refused to say.

### The Wireless War.

NEW YORK, April 1.—War between wireless telegraph companies continues at a merry pace, says a Berlin dispatch to the Herald. Siemens and Halake, owners of the Braun wireless system, have, it is stated, brought an action against the Slaby-Arco people for an alleged infringement of patent and are said to be preparing to bring a similar complaint in England against the Marconi company. Dr. Braun, of Strasbourg, claims that both inventors copied his closed circuit oscillation method after he had protected himself with patents. Hitherto the wireless rivals have been content to fight one another by interfering with messages and refusing to receive dispatches sent from stations or ships provided with a rival apparatus.

### Prosecuting a Mob.

NEW YORK, April 1.—Suit has been instituted, says a Phillipsburg, N. J., dispatch to the Herald, in the case of David Lundy, the aged negro who was maltreated by a mob of citizens at his home, in Washington, last December. The negro's assailants will be prosecuted by the Afro-American League of Newark. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of twenty-one persons for atrocious assault and battery, and twenty-two more will be issued later. The mob destroyed Lundy's house, beat him and knocked out one of his eyes with a shovel.

### Five Millions for a Site.

NEW YORK, April 1.—An offer of \$5,000,000 has been made by a European syndicate for the site of St. Paul's parish house and cemetery at Broadway and Fulton streets. The Trinity corporation refused the offer, and it was declared by the controller that no offer for the famous property will be considered, much less accepted. It was the intention of the bidders to erect a "skyscraper" on the site.

### GOOD FOR RHEUMATISM.

Last fall I was taken with a very severe attack of muscular rheumatism which caused me great pain and annoyance. After trying several prescriptions and rheumatic cures, I decided to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I had seen advertised in the South Western remedy. I was much better, and after using one bottle, was completely cured. —Sallie Harris, Salem, N. J. U. S. A. For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

# HARRIS IN BY LARGE VOTE

(Continued from page 1.)

6, while the Home Ruler could muster only half the strength of the two parties. There were twelve votes rejected in this precinct.

In the Sixth precinct there was not a great deal of enthusiasm, as there are very few business men resident in it. The total vote was only 91, or less than half the registration, and the majority of Harris at that, is shown to be one more than the vote of his predecessor two years ago. There were four votes rejected in the precinct.

The report from Waimanalo was the first to come in, and the result there was gratifying. The Republicans held

Gov. Dole," and there was even greater enthusiasm for the significance of the voting was not lost upon the men who had made the fight.

Finally there were so many demands as a committee came in from the various precincts, for a speech from the candidate, that Harris was forced to mount a table and speak to the crowd. He said: "I have to thank you all for the victory which has been gained this day. This is the result of the work of no clique but of the party as a whole. It shows what can be done when the party works for success as one man and works with a will. I want you to remember that we triumphed over not one party but two parties, combined upon one candidate."

## REPRESENTATIVE WILLIAM W. HARRIS WHO WAS ELECTED OVER A. DREIER



their own slaunchy. The vote was just the same as two years ago, 7, but the fusion elements could get only 11, where they had 26 before. One rejected vote was recorded.

### HOW RETURNS CAME IN.

In the Republican headquarters all day there were members of the committee in attendance to answer questions which might arise at the last moment. Chairman Gear, Committeeman Brown and several faithful workers formed the party at varying moments during the day. When the polls closed there was an immediate preparation for the tabulation of the returns for the various precincts. These came in over the telephone. The first to be received was the Third, followed by the Seventh and then the rush of the reports until the last to be received was the Fifth.

The election of Harris was assured when the returns from the six precincts gave him 219 majority, and the cutting down of twelve, which came with the returns from the Fifth, was not enough to make any change in the spirit of jubilation which possessed the crowd. The cheering began early, and as the totals of the figures showed the complete triumph of Republicanism, there were calls for Harris, for Republicanism, for everything which is Republican, and one voice added when there was a cheer for the party, "And

"You must remember that the Republican party stands for good government. That is its motto all the time, and the result of this election shows that the people of these Islands will not be satisfied with anything but the best government. The result of this election shows us that we can go into the battle in the fall with good chances for a victory all along the line."

Amid cheers, which were long and loud, the crowd spent the next hour with its jubiliations, the leaders afterwards dining together.

The Home Rulers received reports at the headquarters of the party, and there was no time lost by them in their appreciation of the fact that defeat was to be their portion. The results came in quietly enough and the crowd which could see no relief in any report, simply faded away, until there was none of the leaders about by 6 o'clock.

Prince Cupid said that he attributed the victory to superior organization and the fact that the business day kept many of the members of the party at work instead of being idle, and able to get to the polls when they wished.

C. A. Long attributed the defeat to the same causes, and said the party would receive it as a lesson which would discipline it for the fall work. He said that he was confident of the results then.

## WEDDED IN NUUANU VALLEY

(From Thursday's Daily.)

MISS M. BELLE WALKER and Mr. F. W. Klebahn were united in marriage last evening at the old Walker residence, in Nuuanu, beneath a beautiful canopy composed of the prettiest blossoms and the greenest of malle and ferns found in the valley. The ceremony was witnessed only by the family of the bride and the most intimate friends of the contracting parties and after it all sat down to an elaborate supper.

In hallways and parlors the decorations were artistic, carnations, malle and bamboo ferns being largely used. Under the glow of lights the hallway was most attractive with the radiance of clusters of callas, which filled a huge jardiniere near the entrance, and a huge bank of white carnations and ferns through which ran broad white satin ribbons. The novel post of the staircase was covered with a cluster of spider lilies held by a white satin bow, the balustrade being wound prettily with malle. In the front parlor the two archways were outlined respectively with the old trailing parasite vine and malle. The drawing room mirror mantle was backed with exquisite roses, mingled with white marguerites, ferns and bamboo. Jardiniere with bamboo filled the corners.

The rear parlor where the ceremony was performed was a bower of floral beauty. In one corner was the bridal canopy, composed of pink tarlatan, sprayed over with fern leaves, at the base of which reposed a bank of pink carnations and ferns. Above was a half circle profile toward the center of the room, fringed with carnations and greens, from which ropes of malle converged to the corner. Beneath were two dainty ceremonial knee pillows of pink silk. In the opposite corner the piano was covered with bamboo and varieties of carnations. The chandelier was almost concealed with malle, ropes of the mountain vine being carried from it.

At 8:30 the bride entered the drawing room and was met beneath the canopy by the groom, Mr. Klebahn was attended by Mr. F. Franzius as his best man, Miss Cordelia Walker, sister of the bride, being the bridesmaid. The Episcopal form of ceremony was said by the Rev. Canon Kiteat of St. Andrew's Cathedral. The bride was given away by her brother, Mr. Hugh Walker. During the recital of the ceremony soft music was played on the violin by Mr. Edward Duisenberg, and as the concluding words of the ritual which made the parties man and wife, were said, the Mendelssohn Wedding March was played with magnificent spirit by Mr. R. Schulze and Mr. Edward Duisenberg. The bride was attended in a handsome gown of white Chantilly net over white tulle silk, the bridal veil being caught up with a spray of lilies of the valley. The bridesmaid was becomingly attired in a pink pina over pink silk.

The bride is a daughter of Mrs. J. S. Walker, of Nuuanu valley. Mr. Klebahn is the secretary and auditor of the firm of H. Hackfeld & Co., and is also one of the directors.

The Philippine Commission has fixed the rate of exchange at \$2.77 silver for \$1 gold in Manila, and aroused the anger of the merchants thereby.

# INFANTS ARE DYING Surprisingly Large Number of Deaths.

March was an unusually healthy month for the time of the year, according to the report of Registrar Henderson. Altogether there were eighty-six deaths, of whom fifty were males and thirty-six females. The deaths were divided as to nationality as follows: Hawaiian 32, Chinese 12, Portuguese 4, Japanese 20, Great Britain 3, United States 6, and other nationalities 10. It will be seen that the death rate among the natives is steadily increasing, being about forty per cent of the entire number.

The mortality among the infants was also surprisingly large for the month, there having been a total of 20 deaths among children less than one year of age. Under twenty years and over one year there were twelve deaths, while there were but four persons who had reached the age of seventy before death.

There were eighteen deaths from tuberculosis during March, and there are ten more already reported for April from the same cause.

The 86 deaths were divided as to causes as follows: Diphtheria 1, typhoid fever 1, diarrhoea 1, dysentery 3, puerperal septicemia 1, septicemia 1, alcoholism 1, infantile 1, cancer of stomach 1, cancer of intestines 1, tuberculosis 18, premature births 2, congestion of the brain 7, convulsions 2, paralysis 2, beri-beri 2, aortic regurgitation 1, valve disease 3, asthma 1, bronchitis 6, catarrhal croup 1, pneumonia 6, la grippe 1, emphysema of lungs 1, gastritis 2, gastro-enteritis 1, inflammation of intestines 4, obstruction of intestines 1, ulceration of intestines 1, abscess of liver 1, cirrhosis 1, chronic interstitial hepatitis 1, uremia 1, Bright's disease 1, aneurysm 1, fracture of spine 1, crushed by falling building 1, fall from building 1, suicide by gunshot wound 1, by hanging 1.

During the month there were thirty-five marriages reported and fifty-three births.

The following summary is given of the health work for March:

### REPORT OF CITY SANITARY OFFICER.

Building permits approved, 24.  
Recommendations made, 1.  
Cesspools located, 9.  
Buildings permits refused, 1.  
Inspections made, 335.  
Prosecutions in court, 1.

### REPORT OF SANITARY INSPECTORS.

Nuisances reported, 1992.  
Nuisances abated, 1336.  
Complaints filed, 9.  
Inspections made, 5779.

### REPORT OF CITY PHYSICIAN.

Patients visited, 82.  
Patients treated at office, 132.  
Patients sent to hospital, 1.  
Prescriptions filled, 105.

### REPORT OF FOOD COMMISSIONER.

Samples of milk tested, 77.  
Samples of food tested, 8.  
Prosecutions made, 0.  
Miscellaneous chemical analyses made, 4.

### REPORT OF BACTERIOLOGIST.

Postmortem examinations, 10.  
Microscopic examinations made, 67.  
Visits to leper receiving station, 4.  
Cultures made, 0.  
Leper suspects examined, 8.

### REPORT OF PLUMBING INSPECTOR.

Plans filed, 55.  
Permits issued, 55.  
Inspections made, 216.  
Final certificates issued, 67.  
Sewerage connections approved, 21.

### REPORT OF MEAT AND FISH INSPECTORS.

Animals examined, 929.  
Carcasses condemned, 0.  
Tubercular cattle destroyed, 2.  
Fluke, livers, 172.  
Fish examined, 162,783.  
Fish condemned, 3,331.

## Rheumatism

Two Bottles Make a Complete Cure.

Perhaps your rheumatism is not bad enough to confine you to the bed; yet your muscles and bones ache every time a storm approaches, making you generally miserable. We can bring you positive and prompt relief.

Mrs. Isabella Menzies, of Gisborne, New Zealand, sends this letter and her photograph:



"I took a hard cold which resulted in a severe attack of rheumatism. I tried all kinds of remedies without relief. Then I tried

## AYER'S Sarsaparilla

I was not disappointed, for after taking only two bottles the rheumatism all left me and I was cured. I want to do everything I can to make known what a wonderful medicine Ayer's Sarsaparilla is for those suffering the severe pains of rheumatism."

To make a quick cure, take Ayer's Pills with the Sarsaparilla. They make the liver active, cure biliousness and constipation.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

# Five Beautiful Presents

- 1 Jewel 6 Hole Range.
- 1 Gurney 4 Door Refrigerator.
- 1 Decorated China Dinner, Breakfast and Tea Set.
- 1 Etched Glass Complete Table Service.
- 1 Complete Set of Table Silverware and Cutlery.

The price of each of the above mentioned articles is \$40. These will be given away on July 1st to customers who purchase goods of us on or after March 15, 1902. For the purpose of distributing these goods to those entitled to receive them we will, commencing March 15th, present a numbered certificate of purchase to each purchaser of one dollar's worth of goods at our store. This will be in addition to the usual 5 per cent off for cash.

These desirable gifts are now on exhibition in our large front windows. They will be distributed fairly among our customers, and in accordance with law.

## W. W. Dimond & Co. LIMITED.

25-27 King Street, Honolulu.

## Castle & Cooke, -LIMITED- LIFE and FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS...

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co OF BOSTON.

Aetna Life Insurance Company OF HARTFORD.

## Metropolitan Meat Company

NO. 507 KING ST.

HONOLULU, H. I.

## Shipping and Family Butchers.

NAVY CONTRACTORS.

G. J. WALLER, Manager.

Highest Market Rates paid for Hides, Skins and Tallow.

Purveyors to Oceanic and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies.

## IMPERIAL LIME

99 15-100 Per Cent Pure.

The very best Lime and in the best containers.

In Lots to Suit.

Low Prices.

## CALIFORNIA FEED CO.

AGENTS.



## INTO THE UNKNOWN

### How Pinnock Went From Coast to Niger.

James Pinnock, the African explorer and trader, now staying at the Moana hotel, told an interesting story of his adventures in Africa to an Advertiser reporter yesterday.

"The slave trade exists over the greatest portion of Africa much the same today as it did any time during the last thousand years, Benin and the surrounding country included," said he.

"When the transportations of slave from Africa to the West Indies and elsewhere became unlawful, trade in the products of the country had to be resorted to, and has developed into vast proportions. I remember being the first to ship home, from the Warri river, palm kernels. This trade at present amounts to thousands of tons annually.

"I made what I believe was the first voyage, undertaken by a white man, from the West Coast to the Niger river. I was fired at from some villages where the waterway was only twice the width of an ordinary canal, the natives thinking that I had either come to steal their country or to carry them away for slaves. Many of the inhabitants of the country ran after the steamer throwing lumps of clay and stones. I wondered why they did this, but soon found that they were frightened at the trail of black smoke which the steamer left behind, and were trying to drive away what they took to be an evil spirit.

"After much journeying I came to the Niger and found water a mile across. The country was a wonderfully beautiful one, with lofty mountains here and there.

"While traveling some distance inland from the Benue river, I came across a race of people with long tails. Investigation proved the tails to be of artificial origin. The people thought that they suffered a wrong in not being born with what seemed to them to be a necessary appendage, and made good the deficiency by affixing to the lower part of their backs a natural cow's tail, as it was severed from the animal's body and dried. They said that if the tail was useful to cows and other animals from brushing flies from their bodies, it was as useful to them, and they gave me practical illustrations in proof.

"Neither in Warri nor Benin is there or has there been in all my experience, which extends over forty years, any cannibalism. Neither Warri nor Old Benin, Warri, Sapelli or Forcados have ever had any English or foreign missionaries, Scripture readers, or schoolmasters, white or black.

"With respect to the religion of the inhabitants of this region, a rather wide distinction must be drawn between that of the now infamous, horrible city of Old or Black Benin and the inhabitants residing near European trading stations. The former is a system of fetishism, the fetish priest exercising an almost unlimited power over both the king and his subjects. The rite consists of the sacrifice of almost innumerable birds and animals and very many innocent human beings of every age and of both sexes. These sacrifices are made for any and every reason, some times to commemorate the death of a king, again as an offering to him to stop too much rain or to bring rain when needed.

"The king having decided to close a certain market or a road leading to it, the fetish priest advises the sacrifice of a man, whose body is nearly split and is stretched across the road to denote that the road is closed."

## KNOCKED DOWN A TELEPHONE POLE

Ah Chong, of Manoa valley, a raiser of ducks, chickens, eggs and taro, evidently fell under the displeasure of his god yesterday when his horse ran away, knocking down a telephone pole, spraining his ankle and distributing the products of his ranch on Beretania street from the Beretania school to Pensacola street. Ah Chong went back home after his series of mishaps and there will be much burning of Joss sticks and the distribution of red paper strips until he believes the wrath of his god is appeased.

The Chinese gardener came into town yesterday about nine o'clock, driving a horse which has had more than his usual allowance of straw, hay and grass recently. His wagon was filled with taro, poi and eggs. When near the Kaahumanu school the steed, filled with a desire to show how well he appreciated good fodder and plenty of it, started off on a dead run toward town. Ah Chong was unprepared for this burst of speed and the reins slipped through his hands. The horse had things all his own way and his gait soon neared the record mark. When opposite Mr. McLain's residence, the animal decided to make use of the sidewalk. But he misjudged the height of the curb and failed to see a telephone pole in the line of his flight. The wagon struck the pole and the latter snapped off close to the bottom. The horse stayed with the wreck.

## COULD FILL THE PAPER WITH THEM.

This paper might be filled with items like the following, and every one is the absolute truth. "I had rheumatism for years and tried almost everything, but got no permanent relief until I used Chamberlain's Pain Balm, three bottles of which have cured me. It is the best medicine I ever used."—Philip E. Rhoads, Pennville, Mo., U. S. A. Pain Balm is for sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

## PEARL HARBOR CASE AGAIN POSTPONED

(From Thursday's daily.)

The case of the schooner Howe, which has been dragging along in Judge Estee's court for nearly a week, was practically closed yesterday afternoon. All the evidence is now in and the arguments will be made to the court this morning. The witnesses for the defense yesterday flatly contradicted the evidence given by the witnesses for the complainants, and the medical experts denied that the men were afflicted with scurvy. The suit is for damages for short rations, and for \$10,000 in addition for sickness resulting therefrom.

### PEARL HARBOR CASE.

Judge Estee also put over the motion for a new trial in the case of United States vs. Honolulu Plantation Co. for one week. The case, which arrives next week, is expected to bring a confirmation from the Navy Department of the compromise Admiral Merry offered to the defendant, in this case, in which event the motion for new trial will be dropped. This will leave the Bishop Estate as the only case not settled, as all other compromises have been approved by the Washington officials.

### DIVORCE SUIT.

Suit for divorce was instituted yesterday by Jean Ruth Singer against Carl Lewis August Singer, non-support being alleged in the petition. The parties were married here by the Rev. Mr. Pearson, June 11, 1901, and lived together as man and wife up to January of this year. It is alleged also that the defendant is employed at the Orpheum Theater at a salary of sixty dollars per month, but has contributed nothing to plaintiff's support. The hearing of a motion for temporary alimony is set for next Saturday.

### FEE REDUCED.

An order was made by Judge Humphreys yesterday reducing the attorney's fee in the case of Lennie H. Barth vs. Wm. H. Barth from \$100 to \$50.

## WITH THE DREAD SIGNAL OF DISEASE

(From Thursday's daily.)

With the dread signal of disease flying from her masthead, the transport Sheridan arrived from San Francisco about 9 o'clock yesterday morning. The vessel came up to Navy wharf No. 1 displaying the yellow flag, but after Dr. Cofer had made his inspection, he ordered the Sheridan into quarantine, and she accordingly backed out of the slip and anchored in the stream off the Inter-Island wharf.

The trouble was that a case of small-pox developed aboard the transport on the second day out. The victim was a negro soldier and he was nearly convalescent when the Sheridan arrived, his attack having been a mild one. The sick man was removed to the quarantine station, as were a few recruits for the local garrison and a number of suspects. They will have to undergo the customary two weeks' quarantine. None of the troops were allowed ashore yesterday, but the officers and cabin passengers came and went with freedom.

The transport will get away just as soon as she has taken on coal and water, but will not be permitted to dock, nor will the rank and file of the troops aboard be allowed to see the sights of Honolulu other than from the vessel's decks.

The Sheridan brought three days' later news and mail. The latter was sent ashore about noon, and was not fumigated, this course being declared unnecessary by the authorities on account of the vessel's hatches having been kept closed since leaving San Francisco.

There are 1674 enlisted men on board the big white vessel, including the entire regiment of the Twenty-ninth Infantry, with band and headquarters, under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Forbes. Captain Bush of the Artillery Corps is in charge of 250 recruits going to join regiments now in the Philippines and there are also 150 marines aboard, commanded by Major Murphy.

Among the passengers for Manila is Judge Ambler, a prominent lawyer of Salem, Ohio, and a personal friend of the late President McKinley. Lieutenant Colonel J. L. Chamberlain, the Inspector General, was a passenger for Honolulu. He comes to inspect the local garrison.

The transport left San Francisco on April 1st, and experienced fine weather all the way.

## WITH A HOST OF CELEBRITIES

The Royal Mail steamship Moana arrived from the Colonies yesterday morning about 8 o'clock and docked at the Channel wharf. She sailed from Sydney on March 25 and from Suva on April 4. Fine weather was experienced throughout the trip.

The Moana brought a little freight for Honolulu and three passengers, F. J. Webster, Dr. K. R. Hay and John Dawson. There were a great many through passengers, many of whom are going to England to attend the coronation. Among those of note on board were John Cook, a well known Scotch shipbuilder; F. J. Webster, an English jurist; Mr. James Wilson, a well known New Zealand merchant; Mr. and Mrs. Arnold, two wealthy Australians, Lieut. Irving B. Miles, of the Royal Navy, Hon. H. E. Pollock, K. C. B.; who is returning home from Suva; Lady Douglas, wife of Sir Arthur Douglas, Minister of Marine at Wellington; the Right Rev. Bishop Riley, Bishop of Perth, West Australia; Major C. Stuart-Campbell, of the New South Wales Mounted Rifles, and C. Hennings, known as the "Cocoanut King," who owns an island of the Fiji group, devoted exclusively to the cultivation of coconuts.

The Moana sailed at 3 p. m., with every berth taken, the biggest crowd going away from here on the vessel that has been known in months. Many intending passengers. Indeed, were turned away and the Alameda being full up also, they will have to wait until the 15th inst., when the Doric sails, before they can take passage to the Coast.

## CARELESSNESS COST HIS LIFE

(From Thursday's daily.)

Early yesterday, Otto Fetter, an older on Cotton Brothers' dredger, operating near the Healan bathhouse, fell between two heavy gear wheels and sustained a terrible fracture of his skull, death being almost instantaneous.

No one actually witnessed the accident, but deceased is thought to have climbed above the big gear wheels, for the purpose of fixing some of the machinery which had gotten out of order.

The engineer was unaware that Fetter was anywhere near the wheels, and at 8 o'clock set the machinery in motion, in order to lower the ladder into the water.

Just as the wheels started to revolve Fetter must have lost his balance and fallen. He was heard to cry "stop," and was found shortly afterwards with his head caught between the cogs of the wheels.

The police were notified and the body removed to the morgue.

Otto Fetter was a brother-in-law of Capt. in Penn Smith. He has a brother, Emil Fetter, a plumber by trade, who is a resident here. He was about 30 years of age, and leaves a widow and two small children.

An inquest was held last night, at which the testimony of W. H. Lehman, Frank Burkard and William Peterson, who were working on the dredger, was taken.

The jury returned the following verdict:

"That the said Otto Fetter came to his death in Honolulu, on the 9th day of April, 1902, from injuries to the head caused by an accident on board the dredger, in the harbor of said Honolulu, said accident being due to his own carelessness."

The jury consisted of W. H. Coney, J. N. Groble, I. L. Cockett, W. T. B. Jones and W. M. Fisher.

## BAND PLAYED 'KERCHIEFS WAVED

Crowded to her utmost capacity the old reliable Alameda pulled away from the Oceanic wharf at 4 o'clock sharp yesterday afternoon bound for San Francisco, and as the breach between her and the wharf grew ever wider, Berger's band played Hawaii Hono, beloved of all boasting a drop of native blood, and a cloud of daintily agitated handkerchiefs fluttered in the breeze, tokens of farewell to those on board from the ones left behind.

The crowd on the wharf and the tebedecked crowd at the ship's rail were certainly the largest of the year. A great many well known Honoluluans departed on the Alameda, and their friends and acquaintances turned out in force to bid them aloha.

One agreeable innovation noticeable at the departure of the Alameda was a double, inverted V gangway. This greatly facilitated the coming and going of passengers and their friends and obviated the embarrassing blocking of the gangway which has heretofore prevailed whenever the good ship sailed.

## DEFAULTS WERE VERY FREQUENT

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The first round of the Pacific Tennis Club's tournament for the Alexander cup was commenced yesterday afternoon on the courts of the club. Out of seven matches set for decision, no less than four went by default, doubtless owing to the rush of steamer day.

In the only game played, F. C. Atherton won from A. F. Judd in straight games, the score being, 6-2, 6-0. Judd while palpably out of form, put up a fair game, considering his long absence from the courts. The winner played his usual consistent game.

The defaults were as follows:

R. Atkinson defaulted to D. H. Hitchcock.

George Fuller defaulted to W. F. Dillingham.

A. Waterhouse defaulted to E. R. Adams.

C. W. Dickey defaulted to A. Lewis. Play will commence at 4 p. m. today, when the following matches will be decided:

At 4 p. m.—A. T. Brock vs. W. H. Coney; J. Waterhouse vs. George Waterhouse.

At 5 p. m.—J. C. Cooke vs. C. H. Norton; W. H. Babbitt vs. S. G. Wilder; H. Roth vs. W. F. Dillingham.

### Enterprise Sails.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 1.—The steamer Enterprise, the largest oil-burning vessel in the Pacific, sailed yesterday for Hilo, Island of Hawaii, on her initial trip under the ownership of the Matson Navigation Company, commonly known as the Spreckels line. Heretofore this company has operated only sailing vessels between this port and Hilo, no steamer plying regularly to the growing metropolis of Hawaii's largest island. The departure of the Enterprise was witnessed by a large crowd of people. Among the passengers sailing were Captain Matson, managing owner, and wife; Charles A. Gibson, wife and child; Captain J. Jensen, Mrs. A. F. Morrison, Miss Campbell and Mr. Hodgkiss and family of Chicago.

The Enterprise is commanded by Captain Frederick Miller, by whom she was brought around from the Atlantic coast a year or more ago. After arriving here the steamer was purchased by the Matson Navigation Company and given an extensive overhauling, at an expense of at least \$50,000, and fitted with an oil-burning apparatus, cold storage plant and electric lighting facilities. Accommodations for 28 cabin and 16 second class passengers were also added. The notable feature of the Enterprise is the fact that she is at present the only oil-burning ocean liner running out of this port and she carries 412 tons of oil in her tanks, or enough to last for the round trip to Hilo and return. The Enterprise carries 200 tons of general freight to Hilo, and is to bring 4000 tons of sugar back to this port. The steamer has a length of 322.8 feet, a breadth of 35.1 feet and depth of 28.5 feet.

### Pleanty of Fish.

The blasting of Cotton Brothers in the new slip near the Healan bathhouse is providing many an impetuous native with a dinner. The concussion stuns the fish and after a blast many may be picked up in the neighborhood of the explosion, floating on the surface of the water.

## A CASTOR BEAN PLANTATION

T. F. Sedgwick, assistant director of the agricultural station, returned yesterday from a visit to the castor bean plantation at Kaneohe, on the other side of the Pali. He reports the industry to be in a flourishing condition, and the promoters are making a financial success of their venture as well. Over one hundred acres are planted in the castor plant, in rows, and an orchard, and thousands of gallons of castor oil are extracted from the beans in a year. The extracting plant is also a very fine one and about 62 per cent of oil is extracted from the beans. Castor beans are shipped to the Kaneohe factory also from Hawaii where P. Buchholz also has a plantation. The oil is put up in five gallon cans, and is sold for lubricating and medicinal purposes, the greater part being used in the islands though there are some foreign shipments.

The industry has had much to contend with since its establishment four years ago. About two years ago nearly all the trees were destroyed by a kona. The work is now carried on in a systematic manner, and is said to be successful financially.

In 1895 and 1897 an attempt to start a similar industry was made in the islands, but for some reason it proved a failure.

## FARMERS' INSTITUTE AT WAHIAWA, OAHU

The Farmers' Institute of the Territory will meet on Saturday at the Wahiawa Colony, and in the evening a program of exercises will be given, consisting of addresses on various leading agricultural topics by prominent agriculturists of Honolulu and Wahiawa. Accommodations have been arranged for those who go down. They can drive to Wahiawa on Saturday morning, or take the 11:05 a. m. train for Pearl City, at which place the excursionists will be met with conveyances which will carry them to Wahiawa.

The meeting in the evening will be held at 7:30, in the school house. A local branch of the Institute will be formed, and the following program given:

"The Experiment Station and the Farmer," Jared G. Smith.  
"The Pruning of Fruit Trees in Hawaii," J. C. Austin.  
"Pineapples," B. O. Clark.  
"Potatoes," T. F. Sedgwick.

## HUSBAND OF A HEROINE

Lieutenant R. S. Hooker of the United States Marine Corps, a grandson of Senator Stewart of Nevada, and the officer who married Miss Mary Condit Smith, the heroine of the siege of Peking, nearly two years ago, is a passenger on the transport Sheridan en route to Manila, having been assigned to the Asiatic station. He left New York on March 26, with a detachment of marines.

Washington society was greatly interested in the wedding of Lieut. Hooker and Miss Condit Smith, for both were prominent in social circles at the national capital. At the time of their marriage, the groom was a lieutenant stationed at the Brooklyn Navy Yard. Miss Condit Smith was one of the heroines of the Peking siege. She had been the guest of Minister Conger and family, and with all the foreigners, was shut up in the legations grounds during the many terrible weeks of the war. After returning from China she resided in Washington with her mother's sister, Mrs. Field, widow of the late Associate Justice Field of the Supreme Court. Another sister is the wife of Governor General Wood of Cuba.

Lieutenant Hooker is about 25 years old, a college graduate, and was appointed by President McKinley to the marine service in 1900. He had previously made an adventurous trip to the Klondike. He remained in the gold

### Grown Big Pineapples

Six big, luscious-looking pineapples, grown at Wahiawa, Island of Oahu, are on display in the window of H. May & Co. The fruit is an exceptionally fine growth, not only in point of size, but in quality. The pineapples range in weight from nine pounds and fifteen ounces to eleven pounds and eleven ounces. These are from the first crop and indicate the kind of agricultural and horticultural work that is being carried on in the Wahiawa colony. The Hawaiian Fruit and Plant Company, represented by W. B. McCormick, raised the fruit on exhibition.

### Cracked the Shell

On Tuesday afternoon a blast in the neighborhood of the Healan bathhouse threw mud and coral a great distance, and the concussion broke some of the windows in the bathhouse, strained the upper floor of the structure, and badly cracked a five hundred dollar Australian lapstreak shell belonging to the Healan Yacht and Boat Club. The blast was set off under the direction of Cotton Brothers for the purpose of clearing away some refractory coral in the slip for the new Bishop Estate wharves. Cotton Brothers will, it is expected, foot the bill of damages, which will probably amount to several hundred dollars.

### HER SON'S LIFE SAVED BY CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

"A neighbor ran in with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, when my son was suffering with severe cramps and was given up as beyond hope by my regular physician, who stands high in his profession. After administering three doses of it, my son regained consciousness and recovered entirely within twenty-four hours," says Mrs. Mary Haller, of Mt. Crawford, Va., U. S. A. This remedy is for sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

### Electricity for St. Paul's

NEW YORK, April 1.—Electric light has at last been introduced into St. Paul's Cathedral, says a London dispatch to the Tribune. J. F. Morgan of New York was chiefly instrumental in bringing about the innovation through a donation of \$50,000.

Havemeyer is said to have purchased Alaskan copper mines for over a million dollars.

# SKIN TORTURES

And Every Distressing Irritation of the Skin and Scalp Instantly Relieved by a Bath with CUTICURA SOAP

And a single anointing with CUTICURA, the great skin cure and promoter of emollients. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, blotchy, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humours with loss of hair, and has received the endorsement of physicians, chemists, and nurses throughout the world.



## Millions of Women

Use CUTICURA SOAP, exclusively, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chaffings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sensitive antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of perspiration can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odours. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and softening the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, the BEST toilet soap and BEST baby soap in the world.

beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet soap and BEST baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour.

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA Ointment, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA Resolvent, to cool and cleanse the blood. A Six-Weeks' Cure is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. Aust. Depot: R. Towns & Co., Sydney, N. S. W. So. African Depot: LEWSON LTD., Cape Town. About the Skin, Scalp, and Hair." Free. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CO., Sole Prop., Boston, U. S. A.

## Pratt's Poultry Food

A poultry owner's mistake is the easiest kind of a mistake to make,—little chicks die, eggs get scarce, the chicks make dry eating, etc. The number is almost countless, and yet these mistakes need not occur, eggs can be plentiful, little chicks never die, cholera never be known and entirely overcome. The meat of all fowls can be juicy and tender, by feeding Pratt's Poultry Food. We have just received a new stock and ship it all over the islands. Full instructions for using in every package. Used and endorsed throughout the civilized world.

E. O. Hall & Son, Ltd.

Eblers' Block, Fort Street.

## Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co.

and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned:

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN.				FOR SAN FRANCISCO:			
PEKING	.....	APRIL 5	CHINA	.....	APRIL 5		
GALIC	.....	APRIL 15	DORIC	.....	APRIL 15		
HONGKONG MARU	.....	APRIL 22	NIPPON MARU	.....	APRIL 25		
CHINA	.....	APRIL 30	PERU	.....	MAY 3		
DORIC	.....	MAY 8	COPTIC	.....	MAY 10		
NIPPON MARU	.....	MAY 14	AMERICA MARU	.....	MAY 20		
PERU	.....	MAY 24	PEKING	.....	MAY 28		
COPTIC	.....	JUNE 3	GALIC	.....	JUNE 7		
AMERICA MARU	.....	JUNE 11	HONGKONG MARU	.....	JUNE 13		
PEKING	.....	JUNE 19	CHINA	.....	JUNE 21		
GALIC	.....	JUNE 22	DORIC	.....	JUNE 25		
HONGKONG MARU	.....	JULY 5	NIPPON MARU	.....	JULY 8		
			PERU	.....	JULY 16		
			COPTIC	.....	JULY 25		
			AMERICA MARU	.....	AUG. 2		
			PEKING	.....	AUG. 11		

For general information apply to P. M. S. S. Co.

## H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd.

AGENTS.

## Watch!

For the Special Brew of

## Primus Bock Beer

It is the custom of Breweries when spring approaches to place a "Bock Beer" on the market. Ours is a special brew and a specially fine brew. Will be ready April 19th.

Order from Brewery Telephone Main 341.

### Preparing for Coronation.

NEW YORK, April 1.—The Duke of Norfolk and the Board of Works officials have taken charge of Westminster Abbey, which, as previously reported, has just been closed to the public. The necessary preparations for the coronation will be begun without delay, according to the London correspondent of the Tribune. Alterations on the

most elaborate scale will have to be made in order to provide accommodation for the numerous guests who have been invited to witness the ceremony of June 26th.

France may send a warship to Hayti because of the execution of an alleged Frenchman there. Harriman is reported to have secured control of the Rock Island.



## WHARF AND WAVE.

## ARRIVED.

Tuesday, April 8.

Stmr. Noeana, Greene, from Kukuhaele, Honokaa and Waipio, at 7:55 a. m., with 3956 bags sugar, 140 empty bags and 6 pkgs.

Stmr. Lehua, Napala, from Molokai. Unknown bark, off port last night, supposed to be the Haydn Brown. Asplund, 61 days from Newcastle.

Wednesday, April 9.

U. S. A. T. Sheridan, from San Francisco, at 8 a. m.

Schr. Concord, Kahalehili, from Paia, at 6 a. m.

Stmr. Mikahala, Gregory, from Koloa, Elele, Makaweli, Waimea and Kekaha, at 5:15 a. m., with 2785 bags sugar and 40 pkgs. sundries.

S. S. Moana, Carey, from Suva, Brisbane and Sydney, at 5 a. m.

Am. bk. Louisiana, Halcrow, 9 days from Newcastle, at 9 a. m.

Tug Kaena, from Pearl Harbor, at 9 a. m.

Thursday, April 10.

Am. schr. Aluma, Larsen, 65 days from Newcastle, at 1 p. m.

Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Mosher, from Kilauea, at 9 a. m., with 3160 bags sugar and 2 packages sundries.

## DEPARTED.

Tuesday, April 8.

Am. schr. Alice Cooke, Penhallow, for Port Townsend in ballast, at 10:30 a. m.

Stmr. James Makee, Tullett, for Kapaa and Anahola, at 4 p. m.

Schr. Kawailani, Moses, for Koolau ports, about 2 p. m.

S. S. China, Friele, for San Francisco, at noon.

Gaso, schr. Eclipse, Townsend, for Lahaina, Kihai, Makana, Kailua, Naeopoo and Hookena, at 3 p. m.

Stmr. Kinahu, Freeman, for Hilo and way ports, at noon.

Stmr. Claudine, Parker, for Maui ports, at 5 p. m.

Stmr. W. G. Hall, S. Thompson, for Kauai ports, at 5 p. m.

Wednesday, April 9.

Stmr. Noeana, Greene, for Lahaina, Kaanapali, Honokaa and Kukuhaele, at 9:30 a. m.

Stmr. Mikahala, Gregory, for Elele, Makaweli, Waimea and Kekaha, mail and passengers only for Koloa, at 5 p. m.

Thursday, April 10.

Stmr. Noeana, Greene, for Lahaina, Kaanapali, Honokaa and Kukuhaele, at 9:30 a. m.

Stmr. Mikahala, Gregory, for Elele, Makaweli, Waimea and Kekaha, mail and passengers only for Koloa, at 5 p. m.

## Shipping Notes.

The steamer Tampico is at Makaweli discharging coal.

The bark W. B. Flint is at Makaweli waiting to discharge.

There are 4143 bags of sugar ready for shipment on Kauai.

The Inter-Island Company's wharf office has been cleaned.

The S. S. Aorangi is due from Vancouver and Victoria tomorrow.

The bark Louisiana is discharging coal at the Pacific Mail wharf.

The ship Edward Sewall is being refitted at the Railway wharf.

The barkentine Mary Wickman is discharging coal at the Chalmers wharf.

Two transports will sail for New York from Manila via the Suez canal.

The schooner Nokomis finished discharging at Sorenson's wharf yesterday.

The steamer Mikahala arrived from Koloa yesterday morning with 2785 bags of sugar.

It is rumored that W. O. Smith may succeed John Ena as president of the Inter-Island Company.

The workers on the dredger are taking up a collection for the wife and family of the late Otto Fetter.

The schooner Charles Levi Woodbury recently sailed from Hilo to Honolulu in about 30 hours, a very good run.

Marston Campbell leaves for Kauai today to look into the damage done to the roads and bridges by the recent storms.

The Gaelic goes to Manila on her present trip and is said to be overcrowded with passengers. The Hongkong Maru and China are also said to be booked to their capacity.

The fast sailing schooner Alice Kimball, owned by the American Shipping Co., Ltd., arrived from Hilo yesterday morning making the run in less than 28 hours, bringing a full cargo of ohia wood, consigned to W. H. Hardy, Honolulu.

The American schooner Alice Cooke, Capt. Penhallow, sailed for the Sound yesterday morning in ballast. The schooner has been in port since March 21, when she arrived from Port Gambier with a cargo of lumber.

The American bark Louisiana, Captain Halcrow, arrived early yesterday morning from Newcastle, after a trip of 61 days. She was sighted about 5 p. m. on Tuesday. Her cargo consisted of coal. The Louisiana was formerly a ship, but has recently been converted into a bark.

The steamer Noeana got in yesterday morning from Hamakua ports. She reported very rough weather along the Hamakua coast. Her cargo consisted of 2600 bags of sugar. The Mauna Loa was at Honolulu in Suva and the Kauai at Honolulu, discharging lumber.

## Ke Au Hou Laid Up.

The fast and commodious liner Ke Au Hou, Capt. Mosher, of the Inter-Island Co., will be detained in port for some time to enable her to be overhauled and repairs made. The old barkentine, which has practically exhausted its usefulness, is to be replaced by a brand new one, which will also be put in.

A new and the latest stick in any of the pipe smoke store. When the Ke Au Hou is in port, it gets a record for its pipe smoke. It should be able to give a brand new stand orders to these who already grace his cabin.

## Tampico's Movements.

The Globe Navigation Company's steamer Tampico, Capt. Penhallow, is expected to arrive here next Tuesday and will call for San Francisco and Seattle on the 17th or 18th inst.

J. W. Giff, manager of the Globe Navigation Company, and wife left for Seattle via Victoria, on the Mauna Loa yesterday. They have been spending some time in Honolulu.

St. Andrew Clarke, agent general for Victoria, Australia, died in London.

## SOCIETY'S GREETING TO THE PRINCESS

SOMETHING of the splendor of the days when Kalakaua reigned over Hawaii was touched in the reception given last evening at the Campbell mansion in Emma street, by Col. and Mrs. Samuel Parker, in honor of Prince and Princess Kawanakoa and Miss Alice Campbell. During the evening more than 1500 guests passed through the portals of the mansion and into the mimic fairyland beyond. From the topmost gable every line and angle was ablaze with color, and the myriads of incandescent lights in all hues, flags and flowers, made a picture never before seen in Honolulu.

When the guests approached the mansion they discovered festoons of electric lights, alternately red, white and blue, strung from the hedges to the topmost branches of a great cassia tree, forming a tent-like array of illumination. Under this glow the guests were bidden welcome to the mansion by Edward Lilikalan, and were ushered through the main entrance, which was divided by the folds of two splendid silk Hawaiian flags, by J. O. Carter, Jr., Robert Shingle, Cushman Carter, J. Tarn McGrew, Dr. M. E. Grossman, Mana Widemann and Frank Armstrong.

Through the hallway into the drawing room the guests were conducted, where Col. and Mrs. Samuel Parker stood at the head of the receiving party, which included Prince and Princess Kawanakoa, Miss Alice Campbell, Prince and Princess Kalaniana'ole, and Admiral George Beckley. The party stood before an alcove in which was a statue of Bacchante, surrounded with flowers, potted palms and brilliant lights. Nearby stood a tall alabaster vase filled with red lilies. At the outer end of the line the place was heaped of white and the other of black feathers.

The ladies in the line were beautifully attired and the men wore the decorations which were bestowed upon them by King Kalakaua and Queen Liliuokalani. Prince David and Prince Cupid wore the badges of the Siamese Order and the Star of Oceania, and the Order of Kalakaua. Col. Parker wore the order of the Kamehamehas. The line was closed with red carnations and

maidenhair ferns. The crystal chandelier was draped with carnation leis. Nearby were two tall kahilis, one containing the reception of the band rendered in a marquee upon the lawn, beneath the incandescent tent, the songs of Hawaii being sung by the two soloists.

Mrs. Samuel Parker wore a gown of black net, entirely covered with black iridescent trimming, over black tulle. She wore a diamond and pearl necklace and a large diamond crescent with a diamond lizard on the corsage. Princess Kawanakoa wore a Princess gown of white chiffon over white taffeta. Over the low cut bodice was an interlacing of white satin ribbons which extended to the knee, where each was released as a streamer, the ends finished with a white rosebud. The upper part of the bodice was finished with clusters of roses and green leaves. She wore diamond ornaments with a diamond necklace and a rope of pearls about her neck. In her hair was a diamond fleur de lis. Miss Campbell wore a white embroidered chiffon over white taffeta, finished with ripples of white chiffon and ribbons. Her jewelry was opals and diamonds. Princess Kalaniana'ole was attired in a cream satin, embroidered in gold filigree, in wild roses. In her coiffure she wore a yellow algrete with a diamond sunburst.

The guests moved through the mansion and congregated principally in the new lanai, which was enclosed in Hawaiian flags, with here and there an American and a British flag. The archway to the lanai from the dining room was flanked by two silk Hawaiian flags. The lanai was the gayest place, there being music almost uninterruptedly by two quartette clubs, stationed at opposite ends. A stairway led from the lanai to a tent pavilion, where was served a delicious champagne punch, and a collation of salads, sandwiches, cake, ice cream and wines.

In the Louis XV parlor, opposite the drawing room, the decorations were most attractive. The alcove was filled with ferns and palms, a statue and pedestal being wound with carnation leis. The window curtains were decorated with bouquets of carnations and ferns. The gentlemen occupied the upstairs portion, the balcony over the porte cochere being used as a smoking lanai. It was nearly midnight before the dancing really began, and it lasted till early morning.

## WORES SAMOAN PICTURES SHOWN WITH HAWAIIAN



THE LEI MAKER.

INED against two walls in the back room of the building, canvases of Theodore Wores, representing the work which he has done in this country, in Samoa and Japan, were shown for the first time yesterday afternoon, at the Pacific Hardware store. There was much that has been seen only by the intimates of the artist, and for the very first time the arrangement for light is such that the pictures appear as their creator would have them.

There is more than usual interest shown in the display owing to the circumstances which permitted the artist to catch his tropical palette first here, and then throw him in the Sampan in a full of enthusiasm and ready to make up his work with the added aid of the types of scenery which he saw in the more ambitious things which have been seen, and they attracted much attention from those who were privileged to have an early glimpse of the paintings. The first point which will appeal to the visitor is the brilliancy of the coloring which is displayed in the pictures on both sides of the room, for while one is practically that of the Samoan work, the other is almost as largely filled with Hawaiian views.

For present display in color and interest as well, will stand the two tape pictures. The Hawaiian is "A Lei Maker," representing a girl making an lei, and the other is "The Flower Girl," representing a girl making an lei. The artist has been in the Hawaiian Islands for some time, and has been able to catch the true spirit of the life and the beauty of the scenery. The artist has been in the Hawaiian Islands for some time, and has been able to catch the true spirit of the life and the beauty of the scenery.

brown skin, the foliage and fruit of the tree furnishing the needed contrasts to make the work at once striking and effective. The two give a note for the general island work of the artist, all others of his pictures partaking somewhat of the same feeling. The "Lei Maker" will be a most striking piece in the eyes of those who know of Hawaii. The face is one of the very best that could have been secured by the artist for his composition. The girl is young, has the bright, clear eyes and the full lips of the Hawaiian race, and the expression of her face is one of the most beautiful of the type. The artist has been in the Hawaiian Islands for some time, and has been able to catch the true spirit of the life and the beauty of the scenery.

The feeling shown in the "Flowering Cacao" is remarkable. There is the handling of the tropical light, the warmth of coloring, a something which is seen in the treatment of the subject to which the artist's touch has been lent. The tints of both the light upon high colors are masterly, and the result is a composition which should be one of the successes of the exhibition. In striking contrast to the type pictures are others which are of the Hawaiian and Samoan scenery, and at the same time display a remarkable technique. "Moonlight at Waikiki" shows the familiar scene of the Diamond Head, the light of the moon upon the beach and the lighting of a low surf along the shore. The artist has been in the Hawaiian Islands for some time, and has been able to catch the true spirit of the life and the beauty of the scenery.

## ROYAL Baking Powder

Makes the bread more healthful.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

lights and impenetrable shadow which comes when the trades make a shiver the accompaniment of too long contemplation of the view.

Just as far removed from the Cacao Gatherer as is the scene from the Lei Girl, is the Bathing Pool at Vailima, the waterfall behind it and a single figure in the half distance. There is an interesting study in the atmosphere of the picture, for the lights are as cold as in the upper levels of western mountains. The greens are bright and distinctly can be followed lines which would seem to melt away in the soft lights of the plains of the island. The deep forest, the gulch, all make the place one where the atmosphere is as of another than a tropical isle.

From such keynotes there is evolved a chorus of coloring and portraiture. Of the Hawaiian picturing the boy eating fish and pot, the makaka, and the fisherboy are excellent things, true to type and of really intense coloring. The poincianas and crotons, showing bits from Alahau and the High School collections, are indicative of the perfection of the grasp of the colors in the flowers. The Mat Maker of Savali, the Slesia and the Samoan Belle, are just as finely drawn and colored themes from the south. The Japanese collection is excellent, some of the best having been exhibited here. There are several portraits, one of Prof. W. D. Alexander being beyond criticism in drawing and tint, a speaking likeness. Other portraits show a similar command of the coloring and a happy posing.

## NOT WANTED AS ADMINISTRATOR

A petition was filed yesterday asking the removal of Representative John K. Prendergast from another estate of which he is the administrator. Louis Pearson is the petitioner, and he does not like the way the Home Ruler has been managing the estate of his wife, Mary K. Pearson.

In the petition it is alleged that Mary K. Pearson died April 30, 1898, leaving no issue or heirs excepting her husband. That on October 10, 1898, John K. Prendergast was appointed by Judge Perry as administrator. The estate consists of a lot on King street yielding a semi-annual rental of \$69, payable in January and July of each year, which rents the administrator has collected, with the consent of petitioner, in 1898, 1900 and 1901, and "with-out such consent and over the protest of petitioner in January, 1902."

All the debts of the estate have been paid excepting a note of \$405, owing to the Bishop Estate.

The petition alleges "that said administrator, for two years last past, has had in his hands over \$700 belonging to said estate with which he could have materially reduced said mortgage debt, but he has refused and neglected so to do, notwithstanding the order of this court, to the effect that said administrator pay all money in his hands to the said estate of B. P. Bishop on account of the said debt."

"That said administrator did not pay the interest on said note, which was due in January last past, but the same was paid by petitioner, out of his private funds, when it was nineteen days overdue."

"That it is for the best interests of said estate that the said John K. Prendergast be removed from his office as administrator thereof, and that a suitable person be appointed in his stead."

"Wherefore petitioner prays: 1. That said administrator be ordered to account for all money of said estate in his hands and to pay the amount thereof into court."

"2. That said administrator be removed from his said office and a suitable person appointed in his stead."

"3. That petitioner may have such other and further relief as to the court shall seem meet in the premises."

Judge Robinson has set the matter for hearing on Monday, April 21st.

## COURT NOTES.

F. L. Hoogs, administrator of the estate of Thomas Krouse, deceased, has asked for an order to sell the furniture and lease the Arlington Annex Hotel, the value of which he places at \$1200. He says that the income from the property is at present less than the expenses.

John Ena asks leave to resign as guardian of the estate of Carl Julius Hotting, a minor, and requests that F. A. Schaefer be appointed in his place. The annual accounts are submitted, showing receipts of \$4624.94 and expenditures of \$4222.37, leaving a balance of \$302.57.

Manuahi has asked to be appointed administrator of the estate of Pika Manuahi.

A demurrer was filed yesterday in the case of Albert K. Nawahi vs. Hakalau Plantation Co., alleging that the court has no jurisdiction, and that the facts stated are not sufficient to constitute a cause of action.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The Comptroller of the Currency has written to the president of the First National Bank of Hawaii at Honolulu asking for the list and names of the directors elected at the regular meeting in January, 1902. It is understood the Comptroller holds to have been the legal meeting of the stockholders, making unnecessary the second meeting, the call for which was afterwards rescinded.

## Shot on Parade.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 1.—When the 10th regiment was parading in the barracks square at Kiof yesterday Captain Sidoroff shot and killed a man, Grudski, for shooting the first man's family.

Ernest Lieber, Central leader in the German Liebering, is dead.

## Whitney &amp; Marsh

LIMITED.

1045 Fort Street.

Wool Dress Goods, Washable Dress Goods, Silks, White Goods, Trimmings, Linings, Laces and Embroideries.

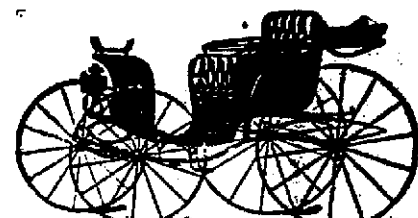
Flannels, Housekeeping Linens, Art Draperies, Blankets, Comforters, Ready Made Sheets and Pillow Cases, Domestic Hosiery and Gloves, Underwear, Furnishing Goods, Notions and Novelties.

## MAIL ORDER.

Promptly Filled at W. & M. Popular Prices

## A GOOD TOP BUGGY, \$100.00

WAGONS,  
PHAETONS,  
BRAKES,  
SURREYS,  
BUGGIES,  
RUNABOUTS.



Harness, Varnishes, Carriage Material, Iron Horse Shoes.

## PACIFIC VEHICLE AND SUPPLY CO.

Day Block, Beretania Street, Honolulu.

WRITE OUR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE AND US FOR THE LOWEST PRICES

G. N. WILCOX, President. J. F. HACKFELD, Vice President.  
E. SUHR, Secretary and Treasurer. T. MAY, Auditor.

## PACIFIC GUANO AND FERTILIZER CO.

POST OFFICE BOX 484—MUTUAL TELEPHONE 467.

We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for

## Artificial Fertilizers.

ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND:—  
PACIFIC GUANO, POTASH, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,  
NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER,  
SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist. All goods are GUARANTEED in every respect. For further particulars apply to

DR. W. AVERDAM, Manager Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company

## AMERICAN PACKING.

We wish to call the attention of our readers to the fact that there is at least one house in the United States whose packing of goods for export, family orders or otherwise, is second to none in the world.

This house started out many years ago to compete with European methods of packing, and has received many flattering comments and no complaints of same.

Success and satisfaction may be relied upon by those fortunate persons who send orders to

## Smiths' Cash Store.

Nos. 25-27 Market St., San Francisco, Cal., U. S. A.

Cable Address, "Fidelity."

N. B.: You should have their price list if not on file.



## Heywood

Black Box  
Calf  
Oxfords'  
Extension  
Sole

\$4 50 Buys a Pair...

A shoe worthy of the highest recommendation and the name Heywood on it is a guarantee of honest quality. Heywood shoes wear, wear Heywood shoes.

## Manufacturers' Shoe Co., Limited

1057 FORT STREET